

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXIII. NO. 73.

HONOLULU, H. I.: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1898.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 2002.

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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PER MONTH.....\$ .50  
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## MR. DAVIES' WILL

Disposition of Great Fortune is  
Made Public.

IRON WORKS TO SON CLIVE

Trustees and Executors—Much Prop-  
erty in the Islands—Foreign  
Holdings—Many Gifts.

The will of the late Theo. H. Davies was filed yesterday. It created an immense sensation in the court on account of the very large amount of Hawaiian property owned by the deceased gentleman. It was generally known that Mr. Davies was quite wealthy, but few supposed that his Honolulu valuations would approach \$2,000,000. As sugar and other stocks are listed in the will at par, it is clear that the real total value is even far above the round figure given.

F. M. Swanzy applies for letters testamentary in the Islands. In his petition he gives the value of real estate as \$40,000 and personal property, including stocks and bonds, as \$1,674,000. October 14 is the date set by the Court for hearing the petition.

In the will a set of executors and also a board of trustees are named. The care of and handling of most of the estate is left to the latter. T. Rain Walker, F. M. Swanzy, T. Olive Davies and George F. Davies are named as trustees. All except Mr. Swanzy have qualified in England. The permanent board of trustees appointed are: Mary Ellen Davies, the widow; T. Olive Davies, George F. Davies, Frederick J. Jackson and Thomas Rain Walker. These selections were made and the will was signed in 1896.

To his widow Mr. Davies leaves all of his personal effects in England. The English homestead, known as "Sundown," goes to the trustees and is to be preserved and used by the family as a homestead as tenants at will. European, Indian, and Canadian stocks and bonds go to the trustees for the benefit of the several trusts named in the will.

"Craigside," in Honolulu, and the adjoining land, recently purchased, go into the hands of the trustees to be preserved as a Hawaiian home for the family, to be used by the widow or any one or all of the children at will.

Sixty thousand pounds in English bonds is to be invested for the benefit of the widow, becoming an annuity, and to continue during her lifetime. At her death the interest accrues to the children.

T. Olive Davies is given all the interest of deceased in the Honolulu Iron Works.

To George F. Davies he bequeathed all the lands, buildings and other property belonging to the estate at Winnipeg, Canada.

For the special benefit of the minor children a trust of 50,000 pounds is established, the interest upon which, up to the time each attains the age of 25, is to be paid in the shape of annuities, for the expense of education, etc. The trust is divided into five parts of 10,000 pounds each and is to be held for the benefit of the following children: Arthur Wickliffe, Theo. Maxwell, Harry Hanover, Alice Marian and Violet Mary Davies. This trust is to come out of the following stocks held by Mr. Davies:

Six thousand and sixty shares Theo. H. Davies & Co.  
Three hundred Debenture Theo. H. Davies & Co., 5 per cent., of 200 pounds each.

Twenty shares Union Mill Co.

One thousand two hundred and fifty shares Waiakae Mill Co.

One thousand two hundred shares of Hamakua Mill Co.

Four hundred and fifty shares Kahuku Plantation Co.

All shares Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.

Half interest in Kula Mill Co.

In addition 33,000 pounds in American stocks is turned over to the trustees, the profits upon which are to accrue in equal proportions to the children. This is the stock:

One hundred American Sugar Refining Co.'s 7 per cent. bonds.

Three \$1,000 bonds of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway Co., 5 per cent., due in 1956.

Two \$1,000 bonds Manhattan Railway Co., 4 per cent. gold, due in 1990.

Seven bonds Pacific Rolling Mill Co., 6 per cent.

Twenty bonds Spring Valley Water Works Co., 4 per cent.

Twenty, same, 5 per cent.

One hundred shares of same stock.

Ten bonds Park and Cliff House Railway Co., 6 per cent.

Seven bonds Marin County Water Company.

Twenty bonds Market Street Cable Railway Co., 6 per cent.

Fifty shares Bank of California.

One hundred shares Pacific Gas Improvement Co.

Two hundred shares San Francisco Improvement Co.

Fifty shares Pacific Lighting Co.  
Mortgage of 1,900 pounds, money loaned to W. J. Richards, San Francisco.

Mortgage of 3,878 pounds, money loaned per Rand Brothers, Vancouver, B. C.

Out of the proceeds from these investments the following additional annuities are prescribed further in the will:

Five hundred pounds per year to Margaretta Dredge, of England, sister of deceased.

One hundred pounds a year to each of the three daughters of Mrs. Dredge.

One hundred pounds a year to each of the three daughters of the late Mary Anne Jackson, sister of deceased.

One hundred pounds a year each to the three daughters of William Henry Davies, a brother.

One hundred pounds a year to the widow of his late brother, Frederick Davies.

Additional bequests to be made out of the estate are:

Colin F. Jackson, a nephew employed by Mr. Davies, 1,000 pounds.



THEO. H. DAVIES.

Four sons of Mrs. Jackson, 1,000 pounds each.

Two sons of William Henry Davies, a brother, 1,000 pounds each.

Two sons of Mrs. Dredge, 1,000 pounds each.

Son of late brother, Frederick Davies, 1,000 pounds.

F. M. Swanzy is appointed managing director of the business of Theo. H. Davies & Co., in Honolulu.

In a codicil signed a few months ago, 100 shares of stock in Theo. H. Davies & Co. is bequeathed to each of the trustees.

The will is drawn so near the date of Mr. Davies' death that there can be no question of its being the last and final testament. Nothing was left by the will to the numerous charities to which deceased was so closely allied.

FRANK G. NEWLANDS

His Picture Given Annexation Club

By Senator Morgan.

A committee from the Annexation Club waited on Senator Morgan, at the residence of S. M. Ballou, on Saturday evening, to receive from the Senator a large photograph of Congressman Frank G. Newlands, who introduced the Annexation resolution in the House at Washington.

The committee consisted of Messrs. J. B. Atherton, F. J. Lowrey, Dr. C. B. Wood, D. L. Naone and Geo. W. Smith. Senator Morgan, in a brief address, reviewed the history of the Treaty of Annexation and the Resolution, and stated that it was at his request that Mr. Newlands had furnished the photograph in order that it might be presented to the Club.

Mr. Atherton replied in a few words, thanking the Senator and asking him to convey the thanks of the Club to Mr. Newlands for his able work. Accompanying the photograph of Mr. Newlands was also one of Mrs. Newlands.

Both pictures will be on view at the store of Benson, Smith & Co. in a few days.

THIS IS OFFICIAL.

Quarters of Gen. King and Others

in Progress Block.

The offices of the headquarters of the Military District of Hawaii, commanded by Brigadier-General Charles King, U. S. Volunteers, have been permanently established on the second floor of the new Progress block, at the corner of Beretania and Fort streets, and were opened for business Saturday morning. Telephone No. 1090.

General King and his staff are in Rooms 15 and 18; Major E. R. Morris, Chief Surgeon, in Room 17; Lieut. Col. Rubien, Chief and Depot Quartermaster, in Rooms 1 and 2; and Mr. E. H. Offey, Col. Rubien's Chief Clerk, in Rooms 3 and 4.

Returned Kumaaina

H. F. Seymour, manager of the American Comedy Company, returns to Hawaii after an absence of thirty-four years or more. He came out here with Gen. McCook right after the war and was American Consul at Hilo. Gen. McCook and Seymour had been in the war together. Seymour was a staff officer of the General. Mr. Seymour says that he now contemplates again settling in the Islands for an indefinite stay. After three weeks he will send his comedy company on to Australia.

## WANT OLD ORDER

Hui Kalaiala for Restoration of  
Monarchy.

ROBT. WILCOX ON DECK AGAIN

Mass Meeting—Speeches—History  
and Advice—National League  
Memorial—For Flag.

About 300 natives, most of them sympathizers with the Kalaiala wing of the old Royalist party, were present in a mass meeting held on Union Square from 7:30 to 9:30 last evening. The meeting was under the auspices of the Kalaiala Society and was engineered by D. Kalaualani of that hui. Kanui officiated as chairman.

Mr. Kanui opened the meeting and stated its objects. Mr. Kalaualani read a memorial which had been prepared for submission to the Commission. The most remarkable and noteworthy point in the document was a plea that the monarchy, the old government, be restored to the people of Hawaii. It set forth that the United States was the first country to recognize Hawaiian independence, this in 1842; since then the Great Republic had been as a mother to this island domain, had fostered its industries, its commerce and its institutions. The government of Hawaii had been subverted by a few foreigners and annexation had come about contrary to the wishes of the Hawaiian people. The United States had now, for some reason, turned against the people of Hawaii and taken their independence without their consent.

It is therefore petitioned that the condition of things prior to 1893 be restored.

Kamakeli, a delegate from Maui, was the first speaker. He had only a few words to say, endorsing the spirit of the resolution.

Edward K. Liliuokalani made the long speech of the evening. He referred to the present contention that the educational standard of Hawaii was such that independence could not be contended for. It was urged, he said, that the Hawaiians were not capable of self government. This, the speaker thought, was strange in the light of past history. The declaration of the United States President in 1842 distinctly sets forth "that it is fit to take its place among civilized nations." There were few haole here then and the government was Hawaiian. The intellectual standard of that time was by no means as high as now, and yet Hawaii was "fit to take its place among civilized nations."

From this point the speaker read from manuscript numerous extracts from State papers, speaking of the independence of Hawaii, and from speeches in Congress bearing out the idea of the continued recognition of Hawaiian autonomy. In the face of all these recognitions the United States had broken faith with the Hawaiian people.

At this point the speaker read the list of all the treaties ever made between Hawaii and individuals and countries, beginning with 1826 and running down to 1896. In all of these the independence and competence of Hawaii were fully recognized.

Robert Wilcox was the next speaker. He said the Provisional Government and Republic were established and maintained by force. It was a case of robbery. "It is useless to say that flag over there will not come down again," said the speaker. "It was up before and came down. The wrong was shown then, and it can be shown again. The Stars and Stripes wave over Cuba and Porto Rico. It is right that the flag should be there. But what has Hawaii done? It will be shown that this annexation movement was carried through by a handful of foreigners and, I tell you, the flag of the United States will then come down."

"If America loves us," continued the speaker further along, "why were not Hawaiians placed on the Commission? We are not represented there. Next thing we shall not be able to vote. No benefit to us can come out of the arrangement."

"Speak your minds. No one can hold your tongues. Persevere. Work for restoration."

Tom Clark, delegate from Wailuku called attention to the prosperity of the "old timers" and said Hawaiians had nothing now but spirit left. "God helps those who help themselves," and it was time for Hawaiians to be up and doing. "Where today is the patriotic spirit of your forefathers? You are led by lawyers, ministers and kahuna. Laziness and drunkenness prevail. Open your eyes, oh, people of Oahu! Look about you for some way out of the mire. The time has come to strike and strike to the mark. Let us all go to work. Leave liquor and go to work. I say. Deny yourselves luxuries and in five years you can buy back your land. Our leaders for the past seventy-

five years have not benefitted us. Foreigners have filled their pockets out of ours. Our rulers have betrayed us. Now you fold your arms when you have a right to vote. If you had taken the oath and voted under the Provisional Government, we would have had our way and won. Let us unite now and strive to regain our fortunes. Let us endeavor to regain the freedom we have lost and then go to work to regain our lost fortunes."

In closing D. Kalaualani stated that the three principles of the memorial were, first, expressing disapproval of annexation; second, praying the return of Hawaiian independence; and, third, the restoration of the Monarchy. The memorial was adopted and three cheers were given.

A "Memorial" meeting of the Hawaiian National League was held last evening at the law offices of S. K. Kane, on Fort street. The gathering was of the more progressive class of natives. From 8 to 11 they considered the document to be presented to the Commission and handled other matters. The memorial as finally completed has these chief features:

That Hawaii shall be a territory of the United States.

That the Hawaiian flag shall be retained.

That there shall be manhood suffrage with no other restriction than an educational qualification.

That Kalulani shall continue to have a pension.

That Kapiolani shall continue to have a pension.

That Liliuokalani shall be granted a pension.

That no contract laborers shall enter the country.

That there shall be free fishing to all everywhere, the "same as in the United States."

There were appointed to present the memorial to the Commission today: Messrs. Kane, Naone, Baker, Bush and Achi.

The National League has decided to publish a daily paper as a campaign print while Congress is in session. A company has been organized with a capital of \$5,000. These are the officers: President, Judge J. W. Kalua; vice president, D. L. Naone; treasurer, S. K. Kane; secretary, C. L. Hopkins; auditor, Chas. Wilcox; J. E. Bush and R. H. Baker, directors at large.

TABU ASIATICS.

Portuguese Against Further Im-  
portation of Labor.

(From Monday's Daily.)

About 500 Portuguese attended a mass meeting in Lusitana hall yesterday afternoon to consider a memorial which it is proposed to be presented to the Commission this morning. The session lasted from 1:30 to 6:30. M. A. Goncalves presided and J. A. M. Osario, of Kohala, officiated as secretary. J. M. Vivas presented the memorial, which covers six type-written pages. Speeches upon it were made by Mr. Vivas, Mr. Goncalves, Mr. Osario and J. M. Camara, Jr. Vivas, Goncalves and Camara were appointed a committee to present the memorial.

Most of the memorial is taken up by a preamble, reciting the position of the Portuguese colony in Hawaii and its claim to special recognition. The resolutions which follow deal with the franchise and labor. It is asked that the Portuguese be allowed the liberal rights afforded under the Constitution of 1887. In a general way it petitions that the importation of Asiatics for labor purposes be stopped. It is represented that there is ample labor in the country which would be immediately available under the profit-sharing system encouraged by Ewa plantation. It is vigorously denied that the sugar or any other industry is dependent for success upon further importation of coolies.

Kaula and Johnson.

Enoch Johnson yesterday resigned secretaryship of the Hui Aloha Aina and walked out of a meeting in high dudgeon. It was reported on the streets that Kaula, the president, also threatened to deprive summarily the organization of his services. He has been with it a long time and was a delegate to Washington. The trouble is that the two men, who are practicing attorneys, have taken the oath of fealty to the United States.

In addition to the trouble in the ranks of the Aloha Aina it is now evident that the three native political societies are so far apart that there is no prospect of amalgamation on memorial matters.

He Had Regrets.

Gen Merriam, after all, was loth to leave the Islands, though he has not been in good health here. He brightened up in a marked manner from his place at the rail when the band struck up "Aloha Oe." Travelers declare that the favorite air of the country haunts them pleasantly all over the world. Gen Merriam was in his brown uniform and had been decorated with leis.

Commission Departure.

After yesterday's session it was announced by the American Commission that all of them, including Senator Morgan, would sail for San Francisco on the Gaelic on the 23d.

## TRIP TO MOLOKAI

Commission Party Made a Visit  
to the Settlement.

SPEECHES TO THE PEOPLE THERE

Assurance of Interest of the Federal Authorities—Pleased With  
Conduct of the Place.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The Commission party returned at 6:30 last night from Molokai. They left the city on the Mikahala at 10 o'clock Saturday night and reached Kalaupapa at daylight Sunday morning. In the party were: Senator Cullom, R. R. Hitt, M. H. Blumenberg, A. S. Berry, Jr., D. A. Ray, J. C. Ridgeway, W. O. Smith, H. L. McNair, Doctors F. R. Day, C. B. Wood, M. C. Ashley, U. S. A.; E. J. Barrett, U. S. A.; C. E. Davis, U. S. A.; D. Dickerson, U. S. N.; H. E. Odell, U. S. N.; H. L. Hays, H. B. Gehr and E. A. Bush, J. W. Kalua, Charles Wilcox and Dr. Oliver.

Sea was smooth both ways, and voyage was comfortable. Landing was unusually quiet. After breakfast aboard ship the party went ashore, landing before 7 o'clock. A visit was paid to the Girls' Home, Boys' Home and other institutions, and the visitors examined generally into the affairs of the Settlement and the system of care and treatment of the patients. Before leaving the Commissioners addressed a number of the prominent people of the place expressing the great interest which they felt for the patients at the Settlement and in their welfare, and assuring them that the interest which the United States Government and their scientific men would have in them in the future would certainly not be less than that manifested by the Hawaiian Government in the past; that upon their return to Congress it would be their duty and pleasure to specially commend to that body the care and welfare of the people at the Settlement.

The remarks made by both Mr. Cullom and Mr. Hitt and earnest expressions of interest and regard produced a marked impression upon their hearers. Mr. Smith, President of the Board of Health, followed with a few remarks, stating that it was a matter for congratulation and thankfulness that the members of the Commission appointed by the President of the United States were taking such deep interest in all matters pertaining to the welfare of the Hawaiians and especially of the people at the Settlement; and that all connected with the Board of Health felt very much gratified that members of the Commission had been able to visit the Settlement and personally to become conversant with its affairs and people.

At 1 o'clock the party reembarked and arrived back at Honolulu at the time above stated. The voyage up and return was very pleasant, the weather being almost perfect, and the provision for the passengers on the ship most excellent. While at the Settlement the weather, with the exception of the heat in the morning before the trades set in, was delightful; and the grandeur of the scenery, of the beautiful gorges and imposing mountains and cliffs in the background, was much admired. The party expressed the greatest satisfaction with the provision made for the care and comfort of the residents at the Settlement, and manifested the deepest interest in all they witnessed.

Rescue Changes Hands.

The yacht Rescue has been rechristened the "Marion," in honor of Mrs. Humphris. The boat has British colors. Her new owners are British Commissioners Keady, Dr. Humphris, J. Lightfoot, Judge W. L. Stanley and Chas. J. Ludwigsen. The Marion took a large party to Pearl Lochs Saturday.

WEST POINT SUPERINTENDENT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The President has appointed Capt. Albert L. Mills Superintendent of the Military Academy at West Point, with the rank of Lieutenant colonel. The new superintendent is a first lieutenant of the First Cavalry in the regular army, but is a captain in the volunteer service. He was in the Santiago campaign, and was severely wounded in the fighting there. He is the latest officer in rank ever appointed to the command of West Point.

PLAGUE SPREADING

SIMLA, Aug. 22.—It is officially announced that there were 120 deaths from the plague last week in the Bombay presidency. The epidemic is spreading.

## BLUE AND WHITE

Healanis Make a Clean Sweep at Boating.

### BOTH SENIOR AND JUNIOR RACES

Show Heels to Shells of the Old Champions—Pretty Battles and Big Crowds.

A wagonette, decorated with big brooms and filled with enthusiastic Healanis, "took in the town" Saturday night. The celebration, if such it may be termed, told the story of the championship races for 1898, rowed over the Pearl Harbor course in the afternoon. Healanis were as thick on the streets as ants at Camp McKinley. The blue and white was never so much in evidence. Every Healanis wore his colors.

There were those who regretted sincerely to see the old champions defeated. But many, some of them Myrtles, feel that the change of fortune augurs well for boating, for it brings competition down to a sharp point never yet reached. The Myrtles will work as never before to regain their lost laurels, while the Healanis will strain every nerve to maintain the honors won.

Saturday was an exceptional day for racing. It was almost cloudless. There was no wind and scarcely a ripple on the water. The tide has just begun to recede when the senior race was pulled off. This caused a slight cross run which perhaps effected the speed to the bad.

The crews, their friends, the band and about two hundred others went down on the 1:45 train. About 1,000 more followed on the 3:15 train. A Waianae special brought others from that end of the road. All the coaches being taken up, a number of tarpaulin covered flats were called into service. They were airy and all that, but beastly rough. The Pearl City station was made by the last train promptly on time.

Reaching the front the judges consulted and gave their final instructions to the respective captains. The latter instructed their crews and the boats were brought out promptly. The Healanis moved from their house near the landing, the Myrtles from Schwanck's and the Lellanis from Colburn's place.

At this time a dense crowd thronged the beach and the landings. The band was stationed near the quarters of the Healanis club close to the street. Numerous yachts and other craft in the harbor were gallily decorated, most of them in club colors.

Larsen's launch took off the official party. Aboard it were Judges A. W. Carter, H. M. Whitney, Jr., and W. McInerney, Timekeepers Chris Willis, Louis Marks and A. C. Brock, reporters and John Lane of the Lellani crew. Captain Bill Larsen steered the launch. H. M. Whitney, Jr., officiated as starter. Captain C. J. Campbell and Captain Parker were judges at the finish. F. S. Dodge and J. L. Torbert were finish timekeepers.

The senior race was the first pulled. This was for the prize cup, valued at \$50, which becomes the property of the club winning it three times. The races started from the Waipio end of the course. Harry Whitney held the flag and fired the shot. At the signal all three boats were perfectly on the line. The Lellani oars moved first and a few sturdy pulls brought that boat out a length ahead of the other two. Next came the Healanis boat with the Myrtle very close to it.

The Myrtles had the makai and the Healanis the mauka side of the course. Before the half mile stake had been reached the Lellanis were practically out of the race. Both the two competing crews kept an even stroke to the three-quarter flag. It must be said, however, that the stroke of the Healanis was cleaner than the other. At times the Myrtles appeared to be trying to spurt, but would almost immediately settle into the pretty stroke which was a notable feature of the race.

At the three quarters flag the Myrtles were a half length ahead. The old champions received a rousing cheer from their friends, but hardly had the echoes died when fortune had turned. When directly opposite their quarters the Healanis began one of the most wonderful spurts ever witnessed here. Klebahn, the new man, increased the stroke rapidly and the crew responded promptly and with great power. Their reserve strength astonished everyone. The boat fairly flew forward with each mighty stroke.

Seeing the Healanis pulling up the Myrtles spurted. They did well to were too weak. They were plainly much fatigued. In two lengths of the line the boats were even. A moment later two pistol shots rang out very close together. The first one was for the Healanis crew, champions of 1898. This was the time.

Healanis 10 5 2-5  
Myrtles 10 5 4-5

There are two notable facts in connection with the race. First, it shows a very close finish. Second, the record was not up to the standard. Last year the Myrtle won in 9:48 and the Healanis in 10:00. In 1896 the Myrtles won in 10:00. The falling off is accounted for in various ways. Some say the crews were not in usual condition. Others write the falling to the fact that the race took place earlier in the afternoon when the sun was hotter and others think the tide retarded the speed of the boats.

Much of the credit for the victory on the side of the Healanis is due to the work of Mr. F. W. Klebahn. In fact he

is the "man of the hour" in boating circles. He had a wonderful mastery of his crew and had the men trained to a fine point. It is said the wonderful finish spurt was prearranged and had been drilled into the crew by Mr. Klebahn. Over three-fourths of the course the stroke kept his boat slightly in the rear, compelling the Myrtles to "set the pace," and then came the Allan Jones bicycle spurt at the finish.

"The Myrtles have no excuses to offer," said Alfred W. Carter. It is clear, however, that the old champions were off. Stroke George Angus did well, better in fact than could really be expected of a new man. With Ollie Sorenson in his old place and all the men pulling as they have in years past, however, the time may have been reduced somewhat. These were the senior crews:

Healanis—F. W. Klebahn, stroke; D. Ranear, 3; H. Williams, 2; C. C. Rhodes, bow; Maurice Damon, coxswain.

Myrtles—George H. Angus, stroke; L. P. Scott, 3; P. Lishman, 2; H. A. Giles, bow; A. A. Wilder, coxswain.

Lellani—J. Kalaniana'ole, stroke; J. Lane, 3; Wm. Kealoha, 2; Sam Woods, bow; Albert Lucas, coxswain.

The junior race started soon after the finish of the senior. In it came the real, big surprise of the day. Those who ventured that the Myrtles would lose did not believe it themselves. The start was a splendid one. The boats shot out together and held even to the half mile stake. Then the Healanis forged ahead. The distance was lengthened by inches until at the finish there was all of three lengths between the boats. The time was as follows:

Healanis 10:14 2-5  
Myrtles 10:28 2-5

This lowered the record of last year, and also that of the year before. Last year the Myrtles made the course in 10:29 1-4 and the Healanis in 10:45 1-5. In 1896 the record of the Myrtles was 10:21. The crews this year were:

Healanis—Paul Jarrett, Jr., stroke; G. J. Boisse, 3; J. T. Waterhouse, 2; W. F. Williams, Jr., bow; D. L. Conkling, coxswain.

Myrtle—R. Ross, stroke; D. Vida, 3; A. Harris, 2; George Martin, bow, A. A. Wilder, coxswain.

### NOTES.

The crews will now go into hard training for Saturday's events.

Shanks Mossman guessed it right.

The Myrtles are waiting for next Saturday to regain their lost fortunes.

John Lane, of the Lellani seniors, was quite under the weather during and after the racing on Saturday.

The last train from town ran straight through to the Peninsula without a stop.

Healanis stock is now way up. It is recommended that it be listed on 'Change at once.

Dr. Monsarrat comes up smiling and says he will still back the Myrtles, twice a week if necessary.

Manager Dillingham "personally conducted" the big excursion party home from the Peninsula.

The Myrtles have taken their defeat logically and gracefully. A man remarked of their spirit last night that it showed true sportsmanship.

Maurice Damon, the little coxswain of the Healanis senior crew, was taken from the boat and carried to Healanis quarters on the shoulders of enthusiastic admirers of the crew.

### REPORTS WANTED.

States People Wish to Know About Schools.

Minister Cooper, Normal Instructor Gibson, Secretary Rodgers, Professor W. D. Alexander, Chas. L. Hopkins and Mrs. E. W. Jordan attended a meeting of the Commissioners of Education held Thursday afternoon.

Schedule of salaries for assistant teachers was adopted.

M. K. Kalanawa, graduate of Kamehameha Normal, was transferred to Waihee.

Mrs. Harriet M. Davis was sent to Lahaina, vice Miss Ida Horner.

Miss Christian was appointed to Hanalei.

Miss Arnold was appointed assistant at Kalihiuku.

S. W. Lukua was transferred from Kalihiuku to Pokahukapu.

Vivian Smith's resignation from Waiawa school was accepted. Miss Tillie Preyer was appointed to fill the vacancy.

Mr. Cooper referred to a deluge of requests from the States for departmental reports. He suggested printing about 2,000 abridged copies combining also the reports of the other departments, for foreign distribution. The Minister was authorized to have the printing done.

Several applications for schools in crease of salaries and other matters were referred to the committee on teachers.

### Greetings and Warning

George W. De Long Post, G. A. R. has received a letter of greeting and welcome into the Union from Phil Sheridan Post No. 14 G. A. R. Department of the Potomac, of Washington. At a meeting of the local Post held Wednesday night, a circular letter to be sent to comrades in the States, warning persons without means not to come to Hawaii was adopted.

### NOT THE WISEST WAY

It is not always best to wait until it is needed before buying a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Quite frequently the remedy is required in the very busiest season of the year and much inconvenience and suffering must be borne before it can be obtained. It costs but a trifle as compared with real worth and every family can afford to keep it in their home. It is everywhere acknowledged to be the most successful medicine in the world for bowel complaints. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

## A LEADER GONE

Untimely Death of Brilliant Hawaiian.

Judge Antone Rosa—Had a Promising Future—Was a Favorite of Late King—Funeral.

Judge Antone Rosa died at his home on King street about 3 yesterday morning and was buried from the Catholic Cathedral at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. A platoon of police escorted the remains to the grave in the Catholic cemetery. The funeral procession was a quite-large one. Deceased had many admiring friends. A complication of ailments caused death. Mr. Rosa had been ill about two months.

Judge Rosa was born at Kalae, Mo-



JUDGE A. ROSA.  
(As a Member of the Cabinet of Kalakaua.)

lokal, November 10, 1855, forty-three years ago. He completed his education at the Royal School in Honolulu and in 1875 was appointed deputy clerk of the Supreme Court, a position he held seven years. He then studied law two years and in October, 1884, was admitted to the Hawaiian Bar. In 1886, Judge Rosa was appointed Attorney-General by King Kalakaua, but retired the following year. He was a Major on the staff of the King.

Upon the death of Judge Austin of Hawaii in 1896, deceased was appointed Judge of the Third and Fourth Circuit Courts, but retired a short time later at his own volition to attend to his private practice in Honolulu.

Judge Rosa spoke English as fluently as Hawaiian, and also knew French. He read considerable, kept well posted on current topics and was an easy, pleasant conversationalist. In Court he was a man of force and eloquence.

Judge Rosa leaves a wife and three children, residing in the new house on King street at the Waikiki turn. The pall-bearers at the funeral were: Associate Justice W. A. Whitling, Attorney-General W. O. Smith, S. C. Dwight, C. B. Wilson, Carl Mett, Henry Smith, J. K. Kaula and J. K. Kahookano.

### Y. M. C. A.

Directors Meet—New Treasurer, New Members.

The directors of the Y. M. C. A. held their monthly meeting last evening. President Weedon was in the chair and B. F. Beardmore officiated as secretary.

C. H. Atherton was appointed treasurer, succeeding the late E. A. Jones, to serve the remainder of the term.

Thirteen new members were elected.

It was decided to fix up a room for the Camera Club. H. E. Coleman and C. B. Ripley were appointed to fit it up.

A nice letter from Richard C. Morris, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. work, New York, in reply to Mr. Coleman, welcomed the Honolulu Association into the list of American institutions.

Mr. Brock, the new assistant secretary, made a verbal report of work in his department.

Attention was called to the fact that a mandolin and guitar club could be organized now. An instructor, Mr. Frazer, has consented to take the class. Persons wishing to join may apply at the Y. M. C. A.

### MAY GO TO KAUAI.

Plan to Establish Reformatory School at Nawiliwili.

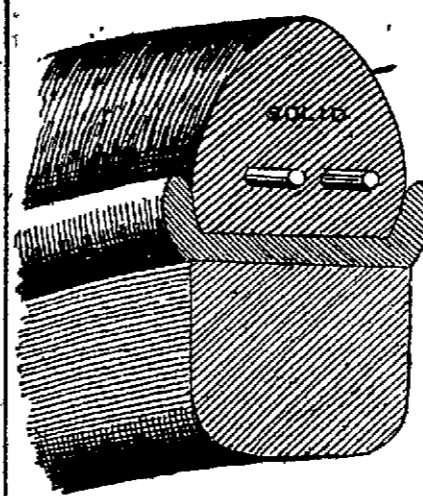
Negotiations are pending for the purchase by the Government of the Industrial school property at Nawiliwili, consisting of buildings for the comfortable accommodation of forty pupils and about thirty acres of land. If the purchase is made the Reformatory school of Honolulu will be removed and established at that place.

The present Reformatory school premises or the part not occupied by the Palama school, will be used for the purpose of an industrial school for girls under the Department of Education. In all likelihood the deal for the Kauai property will be closed in a few days.

### Jury Disagreed.

After being out three hours the jury in the Lucas-Perry boundary case returned a disagreement at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon the vote being 6 to 6. The hearing of this case lasted fifteen days. Judge Stanley a court.

Fezema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort, instantly and permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any chemist's. 50 cents.



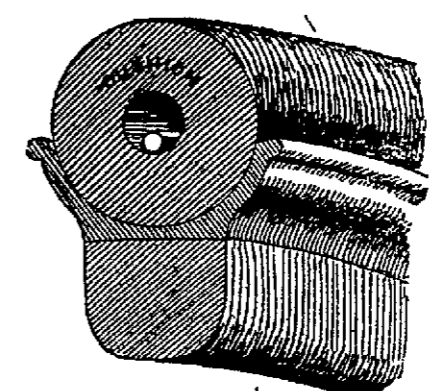
11-4 Inch Solid Rubber Tire, Full Size.

### OUR CUSHION TIRES

are held in place securely by an endless wire located within the rim, completely encircling the wheel. They cannot get out or come off. They require no care, give absolutely no trouble. They are designed specially for the lighter vehicles. We cannot recommend them too highly when the weight including load does not exceed 1 000 pounds.

### SOLID RUBBER TIRES

are unequalled for resilience and durability. We utilize all the latest improvements, besides special devices of our own. Endless wires located within the rubber at high tension securely hold the rubber in the channel. Our Patent Braces, vulcanized into the rubber at frequent intervals, and through which the retaining wires pass, hold them firmly and prevent internal wear or cutting of the rubber. The rubber is compressed when on the wheels so that any cut or abrasion closes up at once and no material injury is inflicted.



11-4 Inch Cushion Rubber Tire, Full Size.

THERE IS NO SECRET ABOUT OUR PROCESS. WE HAVE OUR OWN MACHINERY.

SCHUMAN'S - Carriage - and - Harness - Repository.  
Island Orders Promptly Filled. Fort St., above Club Stables.

## Don't Wait.

If you need shoes buy them now. Napoleon won battles because he never waited for the enemy; he got there first.

Business success is won in the same way.

We don't wait for stores to get the new creations in shoes, we get them ourselves. Come and see.

The Manufacturers' Shoe Co.,  
SIGN OF THE BIG SHOE.  
FORT STREET.



Agents for following  
**BICYCLES:**  
THE WELL KNOWN ELDREDGE  
THE UNEXCELLED VICTOR  
THE UP TO DATE CRAWFORD  
THE JUVENILE ELFINE

Also BICYCLE SUNDRIES such as  
Tires, Rims, Spokes, Lamps, etc.

If you don't know what you want, our bicycle man, R.-C. Geer, will help you out.



G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.  
E. SCHUR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.  
POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 487—  
We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for  
**Artificial Fertilizers.**

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND—  
PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA  
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER  
SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist. All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect. For further particulars apply to  
DR. W. AYERDAR, Manager Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

## DETROIT JEWEL STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves. In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount. Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.  
1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.  
1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil;  
1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.

CITY JEWEL RANGE.  
2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.  
1 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MODERN JEWEL STOVE.  
3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.  
2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO.  
HONOLULU.

## CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER  
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.  
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.  
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs.  
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.  
Cures Scurvy Sores.  
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.  
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.  
Cures Glandular Swellings.  
Cures the Blood from all Impure Matter.  
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

### THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity. It is each sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and "PATENT" MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MANLY COURTESY DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S  
New York Line.

The fine steel bark Johanna will sail from New York to Honolulu on or about October 15th.

If sufficient inducement offers. Advances made on shipments on liberal terms. For further particulars, address Messrs. CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby Street, Boston or C. BREWER & CO., LTD., Honolulu Agents.



AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

## A PEACE IS MADE

### Race War on Maui Plantation is at an End.

Chinese the Better Fighters—They Issued a Challenge to the Japanese—Several Social Notes.

MAUI, Sept. 10, 1898.—The friction between the Japanese and Chinese at Spreckelsville is probably now at an end inasmuch as several Japanese "Peace Commissioners" arrived from Honolulu last Wednesday. Saturday night, the 3rd, the Japs made an attempt to steal into the Chinese quarters but were frustrated by a guard placed there by the plantation authorities. Monday night, the 5th, the police searched the houses of the Japs at Camp No. 1 for weapons and found quite a collection of knives, clubs and spears, the latter being made by placing the sharp ends of cane-knives minus handles into the ends of long poles.

It seems that throughout this Japanese-Chinese strife, the Chinese have proved superior fighters and in consequence feel much elated. They have offered to meet a hundred or two hundred or any equal number of the Japs in the Kahului race-track and to battle with them behind closed doors. No report of the acceptance of the offer as yet has been received.

The family of H. P. Baldwin is at Oahu House and intends to remain throughout the month of September.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Waldron of Kahului are guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. von Tempky of Erehorn Cattle Station, Kula.

On the evening of the 9th, Mrs. H. B. Bailey of Makawao gave a eucure party.

W. O. Aiken, sub-land-agent has been making a tour of Government lands of Keanae, Nahiku and Kaupo.

Miss Mary Green of Honolulu is at her old home in Makawao.

Thursday, the 8th, a picnic party consisting of Misses Nellie Smith, Ethel Smith, Maggie Mossman, Julia Perry, Grace Dickey, Belle Dickey, and Swickard, Messrs. C. H. Dickey, S. R. Dowdle, C. W. Baldwin, L. Crook and S. Crook visited Halehaku gulch.

Prominent Maui Chinese have been soliciting signatures to petitions praying the U. S. Commissioners to maintain the present status of the Chinese among residents in Hawaii. The petition now residents in Hawaii. The petition among other things mentions the importation of laborers from China and return after three years.

The family of Alfred Mossman of Honolulu has been spending the summer at the residence of Mrs. S. E. Kalamas, Makawao.

No arrivals or departures from the port of Kahului during the week.

Weather: The finest of the season.

### A NEW BLOCK.

#### Six Stores and Fifty-Four Rooms for a Corner.

Ripley & Dickey have made for Bruce Waring & Co., plans for a two-story business block and apartment house to be erected at the corner of Fort and Beretania street, opposite the Central Fire Station, just so soon as the two streets mentioned are widened by the Government. The widening will not be delayed much longer.

The new building will be of Moorish design, pretty and attractive. There will be six stores on the ground floor. On the second floor there will be fifty-four large rooms and besides an office, bath rooms, smoking room, parlor, etc. There will be wide and high main halls and wide alcove entrances to the rooms.

In the rear of the new building will be left a considerable ground space for a court or perhaps for a culinary department. In the present crowded condition of the city such a new building would be quickly occupied. Mr. Weedon, who is acting here now for Mr. Desky, said yesterday that work on the building would begin immediately there was assurance of street widening.

### FOR NEW LAWYERS.

#### Procedure for Admission to Bar of Hawaii.

The following regulation is published by request for the information of the many new attorneys applying for admission to the Bar of Hawaii.

Applications for admission to the Bar of the Supreme Court, or of the lower courts, must be by petition in the applicant's handwriting, setting forth his age, birthplace, nationality, last place of residence, and the character and term of his study both liberal and professional. Sufficient certificates of the applicant's good moral character, and, if he be a member of the Bar of any foreign court, the certificate of his admission to such Bar, must accompany the application. Whenever the Court deems it advisable, it may subject the applicant to an examination upon the Constitution, Laws, and Practice of the Courts of the Hawaiian Islands, and upon the general principles of law. The applicant must be a citizen or denizen of the Hawaiian Islands, and must have taken the oath prescribed by Article 101 of the Constitution.

### Church Petition.

A petition is being circulated among the members of the Anglican Church in Honolulu, addressed to the House of Bishops of the Episcopal Church of the United States asking that the church on these islands be amalgamated

ed with that of the United States and that it be placed within the diocese of California or under one of the Bishops on the Coast.

### Many Attractions.

The firm of J. T. Waterhouse has just received its first shipment of Snowdrop hams and bacon. These goods are especially prepared for J. T. Waterhouse by the best known packers in the U. S., Swift & Co., of Chicago and are of the choicest selected meat. Especial care is taken in the curing, with the result that the flavor is most delicious, succulent and tender and is sought after by connoisseurs as a breakfast dish. In the window with the hams are displayed bologna, and silver lead lard in cans suitable for family use.

## IN NICE OFFICES

### Gen. King Selects Rooms in the Progress Block.

Furnishings at Hand—Headquarters. Electric Elevator—Permanent Garrison Here.

Gen. King, Maj. Rublin and others of the chief officers of the military District of Hawaii, are to have offices in the new Progress block. The lease has been made by Walter C. Weedon for Bruce Waring & Co., and possession will be taken at once. Yesterday desks were being unpacked at the Progress block and Ordway & Porter were placing mats and carpets. The rooms are on the second floor and are large and light and well ventilated. They are easy of access either by stairway or elevator. The new electric elevator is to be in working order on Monday morning next. Gen. King and members of his staff had many offers for headquarters, but finally selected the rooms in Progress block and certainly will be comfortably located at a central point. Gen. King is just now sharing space with Capt. Lydig in the Gedge cottage corner of Hotel and Richards streets.

According to dispatches from Washington there is to be here not only a permanent, but an extensive military installation. There is authorization for a hospital at Honolulu, to cost, with its site, \$35,000. Barracks for at least 1,300 troops are also to be erected. There is authority to spend \$150,000 for the erection of these barracks. Officers' quarters at Honolulu are also to be built, and it is understood that the authorities have power to spend \$58,000 for that purpose, and residences for forty-four officers are to be erected.

### Hawaiian National League.

The Executive Committee of this League had a special meeting yesterday noon, in Mr. S. K. Kane's office. The Committee on Memorial asked leave to have another draft of the memorial drawn up to meet certain recommendations made by several members, and to be reported again at a special meeting to be held Saturday noon. A letter from Mr. J. K. Kaui, president of the Hui Aloha Aina, requesting the Hawaiian National League to have the two Huis co-operate, was read and a committee was appointed to answer Mr. Kaui. Several minor matters were taken up for consideration. It is expected that the co-operative plan of the two Huis will come to a head on Tuesday next.

### "MAKE IT PUBLIC."

A Boston Man Says: Use My Name as Much as You Like—Why? Let Him Tell You.

Our representative called on a gentleman of Boston, whose case is of interest to you, if similarly afflicted, as his testimony is thoroughly reliable, and he is not only glad of his relief but not afraid to tell all about it and give the full credit where it is due.

Mr. L. C. Glidden residing at Enlaw St., East Boston, is the gentleman. Our representative asked, "Mr. Glidden you have taken Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, did they do you any good?"

"Yes, sir, they did, I am happy to say."

"What seemed to be your trouble?" "I suppose it was kidney complaint. The symptoms pointed that way, and there was soreness of the kidneys. It commenced about six months ago, and grew into a constant backache, increased my urinary trouble, until it was painful to stand, and if sitting it almost took my life to get up. I went to Knight's Pharmacy, 97 Court Street, and bought a box of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills in hopes of getting relief. It had failed to find in other remedies, took them as directed and am well."

"Are you convinced that it was the Doan's Backache Kidney Pills that effected the cure?"

"It was. They are the best medicine I ever took—there is no mistake about that—and too much cannot be said for them, and you may use my name as much as you like, as I shall personally recommend them to everybody."

Is it any wonder we are glad to make this public? This very statement may be the means of relief to many.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50 by all dealers, or will be forwarded by mail to any address on receipt of price, by the Hollister Drug Co., Ltd., Honolulu, agents for the islands.

## FROM MR. CLARK

### Agricultural Commissioner Contributes Notes.

To Attract Tourists—"Sunset"—Rubber Trees—Importation of Soil Is Tabu.

A letter has been received by Mr. Jas. A. Kennedy from Jas. Horsburg, Jr., Assistant General Passenger Agent of the Southern Pacific Company, at San Francisco, offering to issue a Hawaiian number of the "Sunset," provided the proper material and photographs were furnished them. This publication is issued monthly by the Southern Pacific Co. and distributed to all general passenger agents and general freight agents in the United States; principal ticket agents and public libraries, as well as all of the representatives of the Southern Pacific abroad. It is in fact a most valuable medium to draw the attention of the wealthy tourist to this "Gem of the Pacific."

The matter has been placed in the hands of the Bureau of Agriculture, and all are invited to send their contributions to that office. Photographs, descriptive articles and information of all kinds will be gratefully accepted, and the matter will be compiled by the secretary and forwarded to the "Sunset."

All who feel interested in securing for these Islands a portion of the wealthy tourist trade, which has built up Southern California, should not neglect this opportunity of placing the advantages of these Islands before this class in such a satisfactory manner as has been offered us.

The Bureau of Agriculture has received a reply from a correspondent in Guatemala to whom the secretary addressed inquiries of the Mexican rubber tree—Castilla Elastica,—stating that when the new crop of seed ripened, in January, he would collect a quantity, pack same so as to retain its vitality and forward it to this department. The secretary sent this gentleman a colony of lady bugs, Cryptolanus montrouzeri, a portion of which arrived after their long journey alive.

All persons are cautioned against bringing plants from the States or from other countries with soil about their roots. There is great danger of importing the larvae of the "May Beetle," "Lachnosterna," fusca and similar insects closely related to the Japanese beetle, which would prove in this mild climate much worse pests than the little brown beetle from Japan, for they are larger and very voracious feeders; and while passing through the larvae state in the soil, feed on the roots of grass and plants, in which stage they are very destructive to many kinds of vegetation, as well as when fully developed, as beetles.

The Bureau has passed a rule placing tabu on the importation of soil, and all persons residing here as well as ship masters are cautioned against bringing plants in this condition. All plants can be safely packed in damp moss, and make a corresponding saving in freight. The co-operation of all is asked in enforcing this rule.

Respectfully,  
BYRON O. CLARK,  
Secretary and Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry.

The S. S. Columbia brought 68,000 pounds of potatoes and 15,000 pounds of onions for the United States commissary department.

Absolutely true and perfect.

**WASHBURN**

GUITARS AND MANDOLINS

They have no equals. Made by Washburn & Sons, Chicago, U. S. A. who will be pleased to send a beautiful catalogue containing portraits of 100 artists, post free. Write for it. Ask your local music dealer for Washburn & Sons' Guitars, Mandolins, Banjos, Saxes and Orchestral Instruments. They are the best made and sell at the most reasonable prices. The genuine are plainly branded. LYON & HEATY, Manufacturers of Washburn Musical Instruments a year. CHICAGO, U. S. A.

## Metropolitan Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST. HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family Butchers. NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow. Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

### CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Are warranted to cure Gravel, Pain in the back, and all kindred complaints. Free from Mercury. Established upwards of 20 years. In bottles of 41 Pills and 81 Pills. Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Cures Drug Company, Lincoln, England.



PRESIDENT WILFORD WOODRUFF.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—Wilford Woodruff, president of the Mormon Church, died at the residence of Colonel Isaac Trumbo shortly after 7 o'clock yesterday morning.

In 1847, when the Latter Day Saints struck boldly in the wilderness, searching for a promised land, Wilford Woodruff was with the throng, and when what is now the State of Utah was reached, he aided Brigham Young in the work of laying out the city of Salt Lake. Since then Woodruff has been in the front rank of the Mormon leaders. Brigham Young was succeeded by John Taylor as president of the church, and when Taylor died, eleven years ago, Woodruff became the acknowledged head of the faith. He was 90 years of age, was a veteran of the Mexican war and had traveled 150,000 miles as a missionary.

## We Don't Want Your Money!

## Your Promise to Pay

A LITTLE EVERY MONTH Is what we would like.

**BUY A SEWING MACHINE**

On the Instalment Plan. We are Sole Agents for the two Best Makes, viz:

"WHEELER & WILSON" AND THE "DOMESTIC."

Both of which we Guarantee.

All kinds of Machine Needles and Machine Parts kept in stock or imported to order.

L. B. KERR, Sole Agent.

In addition to recent invoices from the United States

## The Pacific Hardware Co.

have just receive direct from England

Winsor & Newton's Artists' Colors, Color Boxes, Canvas, Academy Board Palettes and Vouga's Studies, Dandy Brushes, Wostenholm's Cutlery, Wade and Butcher's Razors, Open and Twisted Link Trace Chains.

And a full assortment of

DOOR MATS.

## Pacific Hardware Co.,

—LIMITED.—

Fort Street.

Cures while you Sleep

**Vapo-Resolene**

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Croup, Catarrh, Colds.

Greensolene when vaporized in the sick room will give immediate relief. Its curative powers are wonderful, at the same time preventing the spread of contagious diseases by acting as a powerful disinfectant, harmless to the youngest child. Sold by druggists. Valuable booklet free.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., HONOLULU, H. I. Agents.

## Bookbinding

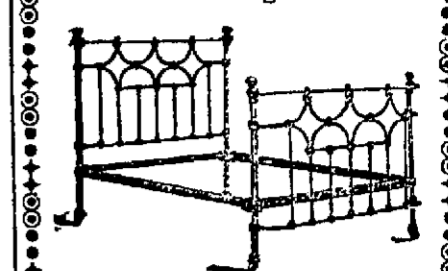
Hawaiian Gazette Office.

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The best at the lowest price at HOPPS.

## WHITE ENAMELED BEDSTEADS

Deserve all the popularity they have gained—for they are the embodiment of cleanliness and beauty. We have a fine new stock of them in the latest designs.



"The handsomest to be found anywhere"—is the way folks speak of them.

Handsome in effect—and handsome in quality and for as little as goodness can be sold.

We are giving you these hints for your guidance.

## MOTH-PROOF CEDAR COUCHES

Or, to speak more correctly, Cedar Boxes, with hinged lids, just the thing to keep your handsomest gowns in; away from the dust and moths.

These boxes are sufficiently large to admit the gowns being placed in them without creasing.

When covered with our new Art Drapery the effect is charming to the eye—furthermore they are anything but expensive.

Drop into the store when down town today and see what you think of them.

Our repair department is run on the saving-to-you plan. We give you the best service for the least price.

## J. HOPP & CO.

Leading Furniture Dealers. KING & BETHEL STS.

W-W-W-W-W-W-W-W-W

GET IT AT WATERHOUSE'S.

## A Chat

### About Our Plans.

We have delayed making answer to the volley of interested inquiries that have been made on all sides since the announcement that we had leased larger quarters in the Waverley Block—that we would not carry dry goods in the future—not that we didn't want to take the public into our confidence, but that when we did speak it might be from well-developed plans. The framework of the great business we hope to build here is constructed at last.

The success you've given us in our past business assures us our methods are approved. We are glad. We've tried hard to give you the best possible service—and we start into the broader field with great achievements behind us—and high aims and ambitions before us. You'll feel at home in the "Greater Store" because it'll have the familiar ways.

As purveyors to the public in all that is best, reasonable in price—quality considered—in

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE.

We shall occupy our accustomed place—in the lead. We shall be there by virtue of our deserts. Those lines are to have more room than they've ever had.

### EVERYTHING FOR EVERYBODY

at prices that will not affect the pocket of the most economical—as long as they want good goods—will be the slogan of the future, with us.

COMPLETE IN ITS THREE LINES. COMPLETE IN EACH LINE.

Our island customers may always depend upon us to send them the best that money will buy. When in town make your store your headquarters.

We are to be congratulated upon our great acquisition—and you upon the great advantages the greater store will afford. May we prosper jointly.

J. T. WATERHOUSE, Waverley Block, Bethel Street. Groceries, Hardware, Crockery.

Established in 1851. Located in 1898.

W-W-W-W-W-W-W-W-W

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1898.

## THE MEMORIALS.

The memorials addressed to the United States Commissioners by the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association, and by the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, present with great clearness the social and industrial condition of the Islands. It was expected that in the event of annexation there would be marked, if not radical changes in the conditions of our labor supply, and our relations not only to the United States, but to foreign countries.

These memorials indicate clearly what they are, and are documents of great value, as the best thought of the business community.

Business men adopt social and political views which tend to protect and aid their own interests. For this reason the wise Lord Bacon said that business men legislated only for the present, and not for the future.

While this may be true, even in the present case, the careful readers of these memorials will see that they contain no suggestions whatever that do not admit the free and just play of political forces, suitable to the people and the situation. There is no request that any of the fundamental rights of any kind or nature whatever be impaired, for which there is no American precedent.

The requests that the labor and navigation laws of the United States should be modified for a time, so far as they affect these Islands concerns only the temporary policy of the Nation.

The prohibition of "assisted immigration" by the Federal laws is largely a dead letter. It has quieted the labor organizations, while it has not prevented employers from importing foreign laborers, excepting only the Chinese. It is confessed, we understand, that "assisted immigration" is extensively carried on in the ports of the Pacific Coast. Along the Canadian border line, the United States find it difficult to prevent a very large assisted immigration from Europe crossing the border without hindrance. And so divided is public opinion on the subject that the advocates of this policy are now largely those who have already entered Uncle Sam's house, from foreign countries, and are warming their toes at his warm fire places. These people are now opposed to the entrance of other immigrants who will naturally crowd them at the fire places.

The requests contained in these memorials will provoke, no doubt, some bitter debate in Congress, if the Commissioners draft any laws in conformity with them.

It must be admitted that they will conflict to some extent with the uniformity of laws which is so dear to the Anglo-Saxon. But the Government of Cuba and of Porto Rico, and perhaps the Philippines, will inevitably modify our traditional uniformity of law.

## THE NEW JUDICIAL SYSTEM.

The Bar Association of this city is considering some extremely important suggestions regarding our future judiciary system, which will be modified or remodelled by Congress, at the instance of the Commissioners.

The laymen look upon the points involved as very dry and uninteresting stuff, but the judiciary is really in the body politic what the liver is in the human body. The laymen usually take as little interest in it as they do in their own livers so long as it works well and makes no trouble.

The important and patriotic work of the lawyers lies in freely giving to a community their opinions, often obtained only by much study and experience on the best ways of administering justice. The methods and teachings of the law schools make the lawyers conservative. Changes unthinkingly made by inexperienced legislators disturb men whose training is deeply grounded in principle and precedent.

The several matters now before the Bar Association, regarding our future judicial system do not involve shouting for the flag or "keeping step to party music" but they do involve the most patient investigation. Burke said that justice was the great standing civil point of the world. The adjustment of its administration is supremely important, especially among people of diverse races and rather antagonistic habits.

The subjects discussed by the Bar Association are so varied and devoid of popular interest that it is not worth while to discuss them in the press.

But the Commissioners are aware of the fact, by this time that the members of the Association are as a body

as well qualified to advise on these matters as any similar body of men in the country.

The proposition of advocating the retention of the distinction between law and equity shows conservatism. That distinction has been abolished in some of the great commercial States of the East, and in nearly all the Western States. It is of course an abolition of the distinctions in form rather than in substance. But it opens the way to simpler forms of practice.

Just as long as the chief business of men, in this vale of tears, is "to get the best of each other" just so long will the lawyers be regarded as one of the necessities, and not the luxuries, of life. Courts and laws and procedures are, it has often been said only Marquis of Queensbury rules for regulating fights in the legal ring.

At the same time these matters are fundamental, and the work of the lawyers in aiding the creation of a new or modified judiciary system ought to be appreciated.

## THE LAST "FUNCTION."

Some correspondence from this city, that appears in one of the San Francisco papers, contains descriptions of some phases of the grand reception and ball given in the evening of the day upon which the flag was raised.

They are perhaps justly described as very "common" affairs, and evidence in detail is offered to prove it.

Several Japanese are said to have kept their hats on in the Throne room. A washerwoman dared to be present, and some Portuguese women ventured to convert this historic room into a nursery. These incidents naturally convinced the correspondent that this public function was a very "common" affair, and ought to shock the visitors from the Mainland.

The supreme government of Hawaii, at the moment it gave up the political ghost, and before mortification took place, expressly arranged this function, so that it should present all the features of young and unbridled democracy, rather than the stately function of the old Monarchy. The Japanese with their hats on, the washerwoman with her basket of linen, the Portuguese mother with her babe, and the promiscuous crowd ready and anxious to loot the supper table, indicated that the manifestations of pure democracy in the tropics were quite similar to the manifestations of democracy, during the last forty years, at the White House in Washington. The aged native equipped with a "malo" and the highest type of the American drunk were probably omitted through inadvertence on the part of the Foreign office.

The Hawaiian function lacked some of the picturesque phases of the Presidential receptions in Washington; even after the nation became "the first nation of the world."

Mr John Hay, soon to be Secretary of State, was accustomed to amuse his friends by relating the incidents connected with President Lincoln's receptions, during the period in which he was private secretary. The rugged character from the mountains, used to "breathing the air of freedom," rejected a dress suit, and carried his linen duster on his arm. Eminent statesmen squirted tobacco juice over the costly carpets, and their visiting constituents carefully laid their cigar stumps on the window sills, or threw them behind the door. The door keepers constantly shouted "gents please take your hats off," while, after the double row of spittoons had been passed, other attendants requested the Sovereign people to "move on." Occasionally an audacious country girl deftly cut souvenirs from the curtains, and at times, some small article was removed for safe keeping by a visitor, who looked upon it as a small dividend of the national wealth to which he was entitled.

The similarity of these social traits of the American and the Hawaiian democracy, prove more clearly than can be done by mathematics, how well calculated they are to live together in peace and harmony. They enter on a union for better or for worse, without any of the suspicions and acute heart burnings which, in private life, are created by difference of station and education. If Uncle Sam says to his fair Hawaiian bride "You eat poi with your fingers," she kindly and lovingly retorts "You eat beans with a knife."

And then they lived happily together.

It was Napoleon or Jay or somebody else who said that no country could carry on a war without resort to paper money. In the recent affair the United States proceeded to borrow from the people and had a credit that would have stood the ravages of time.

During the last fortnight of the war the Bank of Spain handling the national finances of that country increased its note issue from \$100,000,000 to \$500,000,000 without depositing any additional security.

## THE UNKNOWN FACTORS.

One of the misleading statements made regarding the value of stocks is this: That the amount of the current dividends determines their value. It is true that the value of a stock upon which a dividend of \$10 per share is annually paid, may be fairly worth \$100, and more. But the real, the vital question is, will the dividend remain constant for a period of years.

The very large number of persons who were financially ruined by investing in the "Bonanza," Nevada, stocks during the seventies, was due in a large measure to imperfect estimates of what was behind the dividend. "Gould and Curry" did pay \$500 per share and over, and upon this dividend repeated for several years. The stock sold at the rate of \$5,000 per share. After a few years the stocks became practically valueless. Those who invested in it, and many very conservative people did so, believed in the opinions of experts that there was valuable ore in sight quite sufficient to supply large dividends, and behind that, there was an unknown amount of ore that "in the nature of things" must exist. This reasoning convinced merchants, lawyers, doctors, widows, orphans and servants. But the final and terrible losses on the failure of the bonanza simply showed how imperfect the reasoning was.

A few years ago, upon the payment of an 8 per cent dividend, and the assurance that it must continue indefinitely the stock of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway company rose above par, and was absorbed by the careful investors of New England to the extent of \$30,000,000 and more. The dividend alone justified this valuation. But behind the dividend and fixing permanent values, were the unknown factors of competition, of good management, of immigration. When five trunk lines had crossed the continent, and immigration fell off, this "glit-edged" stock declined and for some years has been quoted at less than \$20 per share. The stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway company was regarded as such a sure dividend payer that scores of trustees invested trust funds in it. The income of that magnificent institution, the Johns Hopkins university, was derived from it. But, in spite of the calculations of capitalists, trustees, and general investors, mismanagement drove this superb property into the hands of a receiver, and the great institution had to ask for charity.

These experiences explain the reason why so many investors prefer an income of 2 and 2½ per cent annually from a Government bond, to the larger income from other securities.

Now, when the Planters' Association seriously tell the Commissioners, in their memorial that in conducting the plantations "laborers must be obtained beyond the borders of Hawaii, or the development of the country will be checked and existing industries hampered if not extinguished," they present a very powerful "bear" argument. And it is most decidedly pessimistic when the planters make the unusual and unprecedented request that Congress will suspend the immigration laws of the United States, in their behalf, for a period of time. It will be, indeed, a piece of rare good fortune if it is done. The memorial of the planters shows the supreme importance of the labor question it deeply affects the dividend paying capacity of the plantations. The memorial is not presented by bulls or bears. While it is a bear argument against stock values, it is the opinion of business men who are not speculating, but are running plantations. These considerations should not prevent the dealing in stocks. But they suggest most decidedly very conservative action in dealing in them.

The organization of the Exchange is in reality a conservative movement. It is not a speculative affair, but a natural and proper method of facilitating business.

## MR. BOWSER AND THE PEOPLE.

When Mrs Bowser urged her husband to provide a filtering apparatus for their summer home in the woods, he refused on the ground that it was an extravagance to do so, and he didn't want any of her "airs."

When, however, they had been in their home for a week, and the water became foul, and the children began to complain for want of nice water, Mr. Bowser turned on his wife in indignation "here you bring me and the children into the woods, and you know we shall all get typhoid fever drinking this nasty water. You haven't sense enough to look after things. If just one of the children died, I'll put on the headstone of his little grave 'Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven, a mother's crime'."

Mrs Bowser meekly replied "I asked you to buy a filtering machine," Mr. Bowser, he shouted, "don't sling insulting words into my face."

Such is just now about the situation between the nation and the govern-

ment regarding the treatment of the soldiers. (The trained military men have preached in season and out, the need of a large military staff, in time of peace that could handle at short notice, a large army. But the people, like Mr. Bowser, didn't want any extravagance. Now when war comes, with the inevitable result of disease, neglect and useless loss of life, the people, like Mr. Bowser don't want any "impudence" from the government or any reference to the past. The last thing a man who gets into a "hole" likes is to hear a friend say, "I told you to keep out of it.")

Whether Secretary of War Alger is responsible for the mismanagement of affairs, outside of that mismanagement which is the result of the attitude of the people is an open question. In old times in Hawaii, when a chief was sick, they picked out some fellow and sacrificed him in one of the temples. Perhaps the American people will honor General Alger by making him a sacred victim.

## A NEW PROCESS.

As we are so utterly dependent upon sugar for our prosperity, it is very necessary that every movement in the economizing of the cost of sugar production should be closely watched. The inventive minds of the Germans, and now of our own countrymen, are exploring in every direction for cheaper methods of production. Many economic methods have been tried and have failed. Valuable inventions are not frequent. But the world is young and new inventors are born every day. The Louisiana Planter, referring to the new process for purifying cane juice says:

"In order to make experiments on a large scale with the electrolytic process of Say-Gramme for the purification of the juices, in the German sugar factory at Tiesdorf, a station will be established which will work with the new process, the object of the owners of the process being to fully demonstrate the use and feasibility of the new invention, which, in case of success, would be destined to revolutionize the entire manufacture of sugar. That it has been successfully applied in a cane sugar factory, I wrote you already. Further developments are expected with great interest."

It is, of course, possible to "revolutionize" the entire manufacture of sugar. But such revolutions are not frequent. As Prince Krapotkin says: "habit in the management of industries is gradually giving way to the systematic use of brains."

So far, the Hawaiian planters show an uncommon aptitude in the use of brains. The Yankees and the Germans are his rivals. It is the industrial tug-of-war. So far the planters have more than held their own, with Uncle Sam behind them. Uncle Sam, however, cannot make deep soil, nor can he control climate.

Even if this new process does "revolutionize" the industry, there is no reason why our own planters should not share in the revolution.

## THE CUBAN GOVERNMENT.

Senator Foraker has addressed a letter to his constituents in Ohio, in which he reiterates his opinion that the Government of the Cuban insurgents at the time war was declared. He attempts to correct the statements made regarding the character of the insurgents, especially the charge made by our men in the field that during the assault on Santiago, the Cuban soldiers looted the baggage and equipments of the men. He declares that this was mainly done by the 20,000 refugees from the town, who were in a starving condition. He also cites the statements of the U. S. officers which are favorable to the Cubans. General Jos Wheeler who was on the battle field thinks rather well of them. He says that it was very difficult for American officers to communicate orders to men who spoke Spanish only. General Fitzhugh Lee believes that the insurgents will be easily dealt with, when they thoroughly understand the situation.

The settled opinions of the people, and of Congressmen, regarding the Cubans will have much influence in the framing of the laws which will deal with our relations to Cuba and Porto Rico. Radical differences of opinion may precipitate much debate in Congress, and suspend party harmony for awhile.

Probably the proposed Hawaiian laws will be drawn into the whirlpool of the debate, and of general controversy, and the settlement of a definite government here be kept in abeyance for some time. Senator Foraker's position indicates that the Republican party may not be a unit in handling these novel questions.

In advocating peace universally the present czar of the Russians is true to the traditions of some of his predecessors. There have been occupants of that throne who believed that there was no trade superior to the calling of killing.

## THE SAVINGS BANK.

One of the many intelligent tourists who visited these Islands several years ago said: "I can't understand how you manage to govern so well these mixed races; but I must concede this, that your postal bank is a credit to your people, and a step in advance of our ways of doing things in the States."

But a national postal bank in any country must be only a temporary service. The funds deposited can only be invested in public securities, and the amount of these is limited, especially in the United States.

In one aspect of the case, and a very serious aspect too, the men who manage Savings Banks are among the foremost philanthropists of the world. It is their sense, and judgment, and honesty that puts happiness or misery into multitudes of homes. They are men who reclaim drunkards, stand between ignorant and helpless women and children, and the financial wolves who would tear them to pieces, and lay the foundations for happy homes, and contented lives.

While the speculators of all kinds and descriptions, the most of them known to be "Christians" in profession at least, are willing to put the hard earned wages of the working people into railway ventures, into mines, into patent contrivances of all kinds, which so often result in the poor man's loss, and the speculator's gain, there are a class of real philanthropists who encourage thrift, by protecting the earnings of the helpless so far as human wisdom can do so. These men do an immeasurably great missionary work. The chief officer of one of these Savings Banks, especially for sailors' use, himself rich, said on his death bed, that his consolation in death was that by his advice and attention to thousands of ignorant people, with small savings, he had prevented a vast amount of suffering, and created opportunities for the exercise of a wholesome and religious life.

If Mr. Damon succeeds, as he undoubtedly will, in creating a Savings Bank that will command the confidence of all nationalities here, he will do his share and more than his share, in laying the foundations of good civil society. He might acquire glory, by borrowing the Philadelphia from Admiral Miller, and cruising after wicked Spanish ships. But he should instead be satisfied with the hope that the children of the present time will, in years to come, regard him as a genuine philanthropist and the Father of savings institutions.

## THE PASSING HOUR.

The transfer of boat pulling laurels will serve to stimulate the grand sport.

Betting on boat racing, unlike the sport itself, cannot be reduced to an exact science.

Some men who imagine themselves well regulated batteries of skyrocketers are after all only cheap firecrackers and few in a bunch.

Some people who imagine they have ideas have simply been deceived and are giving material assistance in extension of the ludicrous farce.

Theo. H. Davies made money rapidly in Hawaii and the inventory indicates that he did not believe in keeping quite all of the eggs in one basket.

It is confidently anticipated that early revelations in the Dreyfus affair will include searchlight inspection of Esterhazy and the woman in the case.

Pronounced, solid and clear revelations along the line of local desires and backed by local knowledge, are now being made to the commissioners.

May the Lord of Hosts be with Sir Herbert Kitchener and his 25,000 men advancing upon an enemy body of 100,000 fierce and well equipped desert warriors.

It is apprehended that even the Commission members who are having their first view of affairs Island will observe that there are classes of native Hawaiian politicians.

It was the same old festa at the departure of the local boat after her absence for some months. The Australia is the bulwark of flowers and music and general good feeling.

Government and private schools open this year with increased attendance and the free kindergartens promise to overflow. The latter fact is particularly pleasing to a very large section of the community.

With a real live Exposition Commissioner at Omaha, a Carnival Queen at Topeka and the extraordinary flood of newspaper mention following annexation, the Islands are having the greatest advertising year of their history.

Secretary Alger and Gen. Shafter could not have been attacked more violently and virulently by sections of the American Press had the campaign against Santiago resulted in ignominious defeat instead of glorious victory.

It was about time for Carnegie to get into the game somehow. The walking delegate seems to have delayed delivery of Mr. Carnegie's working card. Carnegie will be prominent

with his utterances, if nothing else, from now on, for he is one of the warmest Anglo-Saxons that ever left Anglo-Saxony.

In the new pronouncement the Bishop of Honolulu gives himself the overlook in one paragraph, but makes up for it in another. In the language of the day the Bishop needs a few dozen bottles of the medicine called "Get Next to Yourself."

Sir Herbert Kitchener, who has led an army of 25,000 men 1,700 miles and who now can scarcely fail to achieve one of the most remarkable military victories of modern times, denies liquor to his men. He has a host of total abstainers in fine health.

People here have for some time been almost as eager for a nice dancing party as for a theatrical entertainment. The ladies of the Red Cross Society are certain to give a ball that will please, and besides the money to be made is needed for the work of the organization.

Senator George N. Wilcox makes a good representative at San Francisco for Hawaii. When he heard that there was seemingly trouble about securing camp ground in Honolulu for American troops, he promptly offered a suitable place owned by himself and did not mention price.

Japan is developing financiers. One hub, operating under Government auspices, proposes to borrow 100,000,000 yen, securing to itself a fixed dividend of 8 per cent on this big lot of capital and paying the foreigners interest on the same at the rate of 2 and 3 per cent.

For about sixteen years the name of General Alger has come into every presidential nomination canvass, but he has always finished with the "and others." His political enemies and rivals seem to have settled it this time that he shall save even his registration fee.

The lady correspondents of the coast papers have now all departed. The sadness to contemplate is that in all likelihood they will still write some more about the Islands. One of them, at least, can write. A really strong American once had a political speech reported in these words: "John A. Logan then made an address. He has a voice."

What a difference in people, and what a difference local interest makes. Not more than 300 Americans were killed in battle in the war with Spain and the loss of the Spanish was not over 1,000. But the mourning and the pain and the regret will last indefinitely. In China, within a month, 3,000 men have been killed in two battles, and in the dispatches there is bare mention of it.

A Superior Court at San Francisco has just decided in a "pure food" case that the clerk who sold adulterated goods was not to be punished, but that the proprietor of the place was responsible and amenable and had to pay the fine or go to jail. Another point was the ruling that the house was none the less guilty on account of the owner not knowing that the merchandise was adulterated.

President McKinley must have made some awful mistakes in loading for the broadside of promotions. He has fired into Manila camps. Now, according to the San Francisco papers all the fighting done from beginning to end was by the First California. Whereas all the promotions go to the First Colorado, First Nebraska, Thirteenth Minnesota, Tenth Pennsylvania and the regulars, including the Astor Battery.

Those "claims" of political offenders against the Government of Hawaii promise to furnish, in their contemplation and consideration, pastime to individuals for years to come. In the prairie schooner days in Nebraska a resident swapped 160 acres of land to a Missouri immigrant for a horse. As the Missouri immigrant could not read, the Nebraska man took a mean advantage and made the deed for 640 acres of land.

Manila was not blessed with the Stars and Stripes till after the peace protocol between Spain and the United States had been signed, though for weeks the place was at the mercy of Admiral Dewey and the land forces at his disposal. This incident of post mortem warfare has its parallel. The battle of New Orleans, one of the greatest or most famous engagements of all history was fought in ignorance of the fact that peace had been finally and formally declared more than a fortnight before.

Col. Henry, the confessed forger in the Dreyfus case, was urged point blank by the newspapers of Paris to kill himself and he lost no time in following the advice. Col. Henry rose from the ranks and had a fine record for bravery and skill on the field. It is good to know that the authorities are now after the notorious Esterhazy, who has shown himself to be a heartless monster. It is believed by many that Esterhazy should occupy the prison of Dreyfus.

Manila's railway, the only one of the group, was built under the auspices of the Baring Bros., and a gentleman now in Honolulu was told by the Englishmen that one-third of the output for the enterprise went to Spanish officials as nothing else than bribes. The road has always been taxed heavily and there was finally an appeal to the Queen's Government when the Spanish chief insisted that ten per cent of the earnings should go into the treasury he directed. The owners of the road are naturally fairly aching for American control of the country. The United States has had the rule of being very kindly to railroads.

## MEN OF NEW YORK

Composition of the Empire State's Famous First

### MILITIAMEN OF NINE CITIES

Some Veterans and Ex-Officers of Regular Army—Millionaires—in the Professions.

The First New York volunteers, now in garrison here, is made up of militia companies from nine cities and is considered the finest volunteer organization of the several sent out by the Empire State. One battalion, consisting of Companies A, B, C and D, is from Albany. The cities from which the other companies come are as follows: E, Utica; F, Walton; G, Oneonta; H, Binghamton; I, Middletown; K, Poughkeepsie; L, Newburg; M, Kingston. There were 2,500 men to pick from and over two-thirds of those taken were serving in the New York National Guard. It was necessary to secure at the beginning from fifteen to forty new men for each company.

Colonel Thomas Barber, the commander, is a West Pointer and seven times a millionaire. He was in the Army for twenty years, but retired several years ago, and became Inspector-General of the New York National Guard. His staff is as follows: Lieutenant-Colonel, Horatio P. Stackpole; Major, James H. Chase, Major, Walter Scott; Major, C. E. Davis; Assistant Surgeon, Captain Morris E. Ashley; Adjutant, Lieutenant Clarence Street; Quartermaster, Lieutenant Bronson Winthrop; Chaplain, Carl Schwartz.

Lieutenant-Colonel Stackpole was post adjutant at the Peekskill camp of military instruction and was reputed to be the best tactician in the State of New York. Major Chase was a First Lieutenant in the Civil War, Major Emmett is from the regular Army. He served fourteen years, during which he had considerable experience with the Indians. Quartermaster Winthrop is of Elihu Root's famous law firm. Both Major Emmett and Quartermaster Winthrop are men of wealth.

In the ranks can be found men of all professions and all branches of commerce. There is a millionaire enlisted as a private. His name is Ashton Potter, and he is a nephew of Bishop Potter. There are eighty-six lawyers, seventy-five doctors, and quite a number of civil engineers and electricians. The quartermaster sergeant, John Grant, is a State Senator.

Many of the men have invested some of their money in extra uniforms, though the uniforms furnished by the Government are of excellent quality. Each man has a big blue overcoat, but these have been stored away since leaving San Francisco.

Instead of the regulation A tent the regiment has Sibley conical tents. The men are armed with Springfield rifles, with the rod bayonet, a gimlet sort of weapon that is a new thing here.

Major James T. Chase, commanding the First Battalion of the First New York Regiment, is the soldier and veteran that he looks. He wears his three-score years admirably, and is as hale, hearty and pleasant as when, forty years ago, he entered the National Guard of New York. Major Chase is a thorough soldier, and four years of service in the civil war with many mentions for conspicuous gallantry, have given him a just right to the honors that have been conferred upon him. He entered the National Guard as a private in Company D, Nineteenth Regiment of New York State Militia. Out of sixty men this company furnished forty-nine officers during the last war, ranging in rank from second lieutenant to lieutenant colonel. The company was known as the Washington Continental Guard. Major Chase was at the fall of Charleston. After two years' service during the Rebellion he was mustered out, but immediately re-enlisted and served until the end of the war. Major Chase is a resident of Newburg, and a wealthy retired ship-builder. He is exceedingly popular among men and officers, and his genial nature and continual courtesy have made him a host of friends everywhere.

It is the rainy season now, and rains every day in torrents. We take advantage of this and get frequent shower baths. These are not in it with those we took at Waikiki. I can never forget the jolly time I had at Honolulu. It seems like a pleasant dream.

Letters were received by Saturday's mail from Alfred Dahlstrom, formerly a sergeant in Company F, who is now with the Second Oregon Volunteers in Manila. He speaks of himself, Miller, Lane and Dewey as getting along well. For a while the situation seemed doubtful, but at the critical moment the island boys took the field, which, of course, settled the matter. Dahlstrom says they were magnificent ships that Dewey sunk. Some of them were used as targets in the first days of the army campaign.

#### FROM A NEW YORKER

I don't want any op'ry music, thrillin' out so grand. I don't want any fancy marches by the fave'rite band. I used to hanker for 'em. But my heart is kind o' set On somethin' that I know will be the very sweetest yet. The violins is tender and the horns is clear an' strong An' the clarinets give tunefulness that helps it all along But I'm thinkin' of the boy that went 'mid battle scenes an' flies a-playin' "Home, Sweet Home"

#### Wheeler and Lee.

WASHINGTON—An affecting scene characterized the meeting today in the office of Secretary Alger of Major-Generals Wheeler and Lee. They are old friends and comrades in arms, but had not met since the war began. Each grasped the other by both hands, and then Gen Lee drew his friend to his heart, and they hugged and kissed each other, regardless of the fact that many other persons were present. Secretary Alger was visibly affected.

#### Laying for Grav.

Several of the Murtle club members and partisans are 'laying for' C. B. Gray, who is one of the big Indians in the Healan club. Gray was on the

sick list several weeks a few months ago. After a few days there wasn't enough of him to shave and when he finally emerged from the care of the doctors he had a crop of whiskers that made him look like a lost, strayed or stolen populist. Gray had designs. He accepted all the "joshing" that came his way. Last week he began betting those whiskers and even his particular friend, the writer, must say he played it rather low down. He bet them against Oscar White's moustache, against Jim Bicknell's whiskers, against Jock McGuire's moustache and several counties yet to report. Gray still has the whiskers for Saturday's game and White, McGuire, Bicknell and a few other smooth (faced) victims would give 'most anything to get even with the foxy Mr. Gray.

#### Public Reception.

President and Mrs. Dole's reception to the late Hawaiian representatives at Washington and their wives will take place at the Emma street home of the President on Friday from 4 to 7.

## IT IS DIFFERENT

No Bathing at Cavite Like the Waikiki Beach.

Sharks and Poisonous Fish—Letter From an Oregon Officer—The N. G. H. Contingent.

A letter from Adjutant A. J. Brazee, U. S. V. of the 2nd Oregon Regiment now at Cavite has just been received. He says the second expedition is still singing praises to the people of Honolulu and feel that it will be impossible to treat the other expeditions which were to follow as well as they were treated. Private Ray Green of Portland has covered himself with glory and has been appointed interpreter to General Anderson. He has covered nearly every inch of ground between Cavite and Manila or a reconnaissance. Two of the Oregon regiment died since leaving Honolulu. They dug the graves about seven inches deep on account of the water and make a mound over the bodies. There are several cases of typhoid fever.

"We are fixed comfortably here," continues the young Adjutant. "We live in the old Spanish 7th Regiment's quarters. The California and other regiments except the California artillery and the 23rd and 14th regiments are in camp across the bay from Cavite; not across Manila Bay but across the little bay near Cavite. The mosquitoes and flies bother us more than anything else. We are used to large spiders and centipedes now but these everlasting flies and mosquitoes we cannot bear. No bathing at Cavite on account of sharks and poisonous fish. Twenty-two of the California regiment were made unconscious by these fish and but for the natives a great number would have been drowned. One man was unconscious two days. The only Spanish here are prisoners. Our prisons and the insurgent prisons are over-run with them. They are a sickly looking set and act like cowards. I saw two boys bring in seventy-one of them as prisoners. The drinking water here is horrid and has to be boiled and filtered before it is fit to use.

"Everyone think that we are having an easy time of it here. It is work from morning till night with the exception of our mid-day siesta. We get up at 4:40 a. m. and go to bed at 10 p. m.

"It is the rainy season now, and rains every day in torrents. We take advantage of this and get frequent shower baths. These are not in it with those we took at Waikiki. I can never forget the jolly time I had at Honolulu. It seems like a pleasant dream."

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#### FROM A NEW YORKER

I don't want any op'ry music, thrillin' out so grand. I don't want any fancy marches by the fave'rite band. I used to hanker for 'em. But my heart is kind o' set On somethin' that I know will be the very sweetest yet. The violins is tender and the horns is clear an' strong An' the clarinets give tunefulness that helps it all along But I'm thinkin' of the boy that went 'mid battle scenes an' flies a-playin' "Home, Sweet Home"

I kin shut my eyes an' see 'em as they're passin' down the street, They're weary, but they're happy, 'cause a duty's done complete An' the windows will be opened an' there'll be a welcomin' cry From the loved ones of each hero, as they see him passin' by. The flags will smile to greet them as they ripple an' they flow They'll be just as proud to meet them here as when they faced the foe An' the mighty cheers will waken an' they'll shake the distant dome—I want to hear the drums an' fifes a-playin' "Home, Sweet Home"

Mr. Albert N. Campbell, lately of the Stockton Business College, arrived on the City of Columbia and succeeds Mr. J. L. Howard, as head of the business department at Oahu College.

## RED CROSS BALL

It Was a Delightful Fete for Society Folk.

Army and Navy—An Ideal Hall. Music—Managers of the Successful Affair.

Vanity Fair had a fete last night. Progress Hall, under the direction of Mrs. Hutchinson and the Misses Alford, was beautifully dressed for the Red Cross Benefit Ball. Society was out in full force. Besides the town people naturally prominent in such an affair, there was a strong representation of the army and of the navy. Progress hall, with its new and perfect dancing floor and with the magnificent promenade, was voted the finest dancing rendezvous of the Islands, not excepting the decks of a warship. The music was by the Government band orchestra under the direction of Capt. Berger and was excellent. The ball was a decided social success and the receipts will materially assist in solving the financial problems of the Red Cross Society. The officials for the party were: Reception Committee—Mrs. H. M. Sewall, Mrs. S. B. Dole, Princess Kaiulani, Mrs. A. Fuller, Mrs. C. B. Cooper, Mrs. John Lucas, Mrs. M. C. Widdifield, Mrs. E. W. Jordan.

Floor Managers—Maj. Geo. C. Potter, Dr. M. E. Grossman, A. St. M. Mackintosh, H. M. Whitney, Jr., Ushers—H. M. Mist, Frank Armstrong, Arthur C. Wall, E. Ross, H. Walker, L. Hart. Manager for the Red Cross Society—Mrs. M. C. Widdifield. The dancing began at 8 o'clock and continued till after 1 a. m. There were fourteen numbers on the program and to these engagements were added several extras. Many new, and of course, very handsome costumes were shown by the ladies.

Brig. Gen King was of the company. Prince David was present. Harold M. Sewall and Mrs. Sewall were in attendance. Miss Helen Parker was a guest. There was a number of Government officials and their ladies and several visitors to the city.

There are several officers of high rank who, when the present war closes, will figure in its history as "organizers

of victory." One of these is Adjutant General Corbin, another is Major General Henry C. Merriam, who, as commander of the department of the Pacific, has borne an important part in the organization, equipment, and prompt dispatch of the army sent to Manila. Gen. Merriam, who is now sixty-one years old, boasts a record of which any soldier might well be proud. Born and reared in Maine, he went to the front in August, 1862, as a captain of volunteers, and from March, 1863, till the end of the war served as major, lieutenant colonel, and colonel of colored troops. Brevet for Antietam, the capture of Fort Blakely, and the campaign against Mobile, and a medal of honor for his bravery in the second named battle, bear witness to his services and whereabouts between 1861 and 1865.

In the reorganizations of the army in 1866 he was appointed major of infantry, becoming lieutenant colonel in 1876, and colonel nine years later. He attained the grade of brigadier general in July, 1897, and was one of the first to be commissioned major general upon the opening of the war.

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA CURED.

This is to certify that I have had chronic diarrhoea ever since the war I got so weak I could hardly walk or do anything. One bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me sound and well.

J. R. GIBBS, Fincastle, Va.

I had chronic diarrhoea for twelve years. Three bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me.

S. L. SHAVER, Fincastle, Va.

Both Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Shaver are prominent farmers and reside near Fincastle, Va. They procured the remedy from Mr. W. E. Casper, a druggist of that place, who is well acquainted with them and will vouch for the truth of their statements. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for H. I.

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## Ayer's Hair Vigor



What does it do?

It causes the oil glands in the skin to become more active, making the hair soft and glossy, precisely as nature intended.

It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one of the great causes of baldness.

It makes a better circulation in the scalp and stops the hair from coming out.

It prevents and

It cures baldness.

Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely make hair grow on bald heads, provided only there is any life remaining in the hair bulbs. It restores color to gray or white hair. It does not do this in a moment, as will a hair dye; but in a short time the gray color of age gradually disappears and the darker color of youth takes its place.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sugar, 4%; "stronger, very active."

C. B. Makee, of Kapaa, is visiting the city.

Chas. H. Atherton has been elected treasurer of the Y. M. C. A.

Union street is being heavily macadamized by the road department.

Several hundred hat and shoe wagers were made on the boat races.

Jack Walbel is a clerk now in the registry office at San Francisco.

F. A. Schaefer is making a flying trip to the States on the Australia.

There was a big day in Hilo when the steamer Columbia reached that port.

Many friends were at the Australia yesterday to bid farewell to Mrs. W. G. Irwin.

Men in the battalion of U. S. Volunteer engineers here expect pay in about a month.

The Arbuckle refinery at Brooklyn is now producing sugar for the general market.

John Richardson declined to speak at the mass meeting at Union Square last evening.

Hawaiian Commercial, \$26.87%; Hana Plantation, \$18.50; Hutchinson Sugar Co., \$59.

Lloyd Conkling has been appointed assistant secretary of the Honolulu Stock Exchange.

V. M. Fulcher, the Olia coffee planter, returned by the Columbia to Hilo from Florida.

A. J. Rodrigues and son, of Maui, and Chas. Williams, of Hawaii, are at the Queen hotel.

Deputy Attorney General Dole, Marshal Brown and all the attorneys are back from Kauai.

Seattle, Tacoma and Minneapolis have newspaper representatives aboard the S. S. Columbia.

Hilo now has a board of trade and the organization will send a memorial to the commission.

B. R. Banning, after attending to some business matters here, has returned to San Francisco.

The S. S. Zealandia is expected to reach San Francisco from Manila the last week in this month.

A number of desertions from the Scandia's crew have occurred since the arrival of that vessel in port.

Capt. Lydig, chief commissary officer, entertained Gen. King and others at a dinner party Friday evening.

B. F. Dillingham entertained the members of the American-Hawaiian Commission at dinner last evening.

There were no stock sales on 'Change yesterday. Between boards ten shares of Kipahulu went for \$110 and five shares of Honoum for \$135.

White enameled bedsteads are the embodiment of cleanliness and beauty and deserve all the popularity they have gained. Moth proof cedar couches

For fine watch work is wide-spread; but we wish to impress the few who may not get be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches, when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinker to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

OUR CLAIM

Upon your attention today will prove a safe investment for you.

THE SAFETY DOCUMENT FILE.

Keeps valuable Papers of all kinds safe. Enameled Metal Case, strong Manila Pockets, separate and removable. Best and safest system of filing Leases, Contracts, Insurance Policies, Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, Deeds, Etc.

Two sizes: No. 10. Size 8x5x11 inches closed. Contains 24 pockets 4x10x4. Price \$2.

No. 20. Size 4x5x11 inches closed. Contains 31 pockets 4x10x4. Price \$2.50.

Sole Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

Wall, Nichols Company

TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company

1898

S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maui, Kona, Kailua, and returning to Honolulu the following day, arriving in Hilo Wednesday.

LEAVE HONOLULU.

Tuesday, Sept. 13, Tuesday, Nov. 6

Tuesday, Sept. 20, Tuesday, Nov. 13

Tuesday, Sept. 27, Tuesday, Nov. 20

Tuesday, Oct. 4, Tuesday, Nov. 27

PERIL OF FRANCE

Dreyfus Case May Result in War Again.

PRISONER IS TO BE RETRIED

Latest Alliance is Between England and Russia—California Regiments to Retire.

MAY RESULT IN WAR.

PARIS, Sept. 2.—Midnight.—The most pessimistic feelings exist. It is the common belief that Great Britain and Russia are on the eve of war, and that the consequences of the Dreyfus scandal will involve France in war with Germany.

CONFIDENCE DESTROYED.

PARIS, September 2.—It is impossible to deny that the French army administration is now so seriously compromised that public confidence has been destroyed, and the gravest crisis threatens. It is now universally believed that Henry committed suicide by order and it cannot be denied that he was encouraged, if not urged, to make away with himself.

It is known that Boisdeffre, lately chief of the general staff, who was most active in shielding Major Esterhazy, and therefore in proving Dreyfus guilty, is a friend of the woman who, throughout the case, devoted herself to exculpating Major Esterhazy.

A NEW TRIAL.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—A Sun cable from Paris says: At last it may be affirmed with a reasonable degree of certainty that the prisoner of the Isle du Diable will soon be brought to France and will soon be retried for a crime of which he was illegally condemned. The revision of the Dreyfus sentence has not yet been voted by the Cabinet, but seven of the Ministers are known to favor it, two of them, Mm. Cavaignac and Marquis, Minister of War and Minister of Commerce respectively, oppose, or rather counsel delay.

"MAIL" ON AN AGREEMENT.

LONDON, September 3.—The Daily Mail says this morning: "We learn that Mr. Balfour and the German Ambassador, Count von Hatzfeldt, signed on Wednesday a document preliminary to a treaty which will give Germany a free hand in Asia Minor and allow England to lease Delagoa Bay from Portugal at a cost of between £2,000,000 and £5,000,000. Germany will, as a further condition, support Great Britain's claim for the abolition of mixed tribunals in Egypt."

ALLIANCE.

LONDON, September 2.—A report was current here today that a treaty of alliances between Great Britain and Germany, on the lines of the speech of Mr. Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, was actually completed yesterday.

MUSTERED OUT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 2, 1898.—Hugh Craig, President of the Chamber of Commerce, San Francisco, California: Your telegram to the President in reference to the California regiments has been referred to this department. In reply, I beg to inform you that orders will issue today or tomorrow for the mustering out of the Sixth and Seventh regiments of California Volunteers. H. C. CORBIN, Adjutant-General.

CAPT COTTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—Acting Secretary of the Navy Allen today assigned Capt. C. S. Cotton to duty as captain of the Mare Island Navy Yard in place of Commander J. J. Brice, retired, who has been serving not only as captain of the yard but as Acting Commandant since the death of Admiral Kirkland. Capt. Cotton is at present in command of the auxiliary vessel Harvard.

TO THE FOUNDATION.

NEW YORK, September 2.—A special to the Tribune from Paris says: Colonel Henry's confession of having forged the famous document upon the authenticity of which General Boisdeffre, chief of staff of the French army, in his impassioned appeal to the jury in the Zola trial staked his own reputation and the honor of the army, and Colonel Henry's suicide in the fortress of Mort Valerien have caused a commotion throughout France which has not been witnessed since the fall of Sedan.

COST OF WAR IN LIVES.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—The Tribune tomorrow will print statistics showing the number of soldiers who have been killed in battle and have died of disease in camps during the war with Spain. The Tribune says: While 250 officers and men have been killed in battle or have died of wounds received, there have died of disease in camps be-

tween 1,200 and 2,000 volunteers and regulars.

WAS HENRY KILLED?

PARIS, September 2.—Many rumors are afloat in regard to Colonel Henry's death, the most persistent being that Henry was murdered because he was an inconvenient witness.

JAMES H., JR.

NEW YORK, September 2.—A Sun cable from Santiago says: General Lawton has assigned Lieutenant J. H. Blount, Jr., of the Third Immunes to the task of codifying Spanish and Cuban laws, with the view of arranging a legal system for the province.

AGUINALDO.

MANILA, September 2.—One of Aguinaldo's confidential advisers says leading natives will present a petition to the United States asking for annexation.

SPANISH SOLDIERS.

MADRID, September 2.—It was learned tonight that the Spanish Government has issued a decree assembling an army of 110,000 men for active service in the Philippines.

INSURGENTS ACTIVE.

MANILA, Sept. 2.—Several shiploads of insurgent troops have invaded the southern islands with the view of seizing everything possible prior to the settlement of the peace conditions.

MR. BAYARD.

DESHAM (Mass.), September 2.—Thomas F. Bayard had a relapse last night.

ZOLA.

PARIS, September 2.—Zola remains in hiding, but he has written a letter of congratulation to Mme. Dreyfus.

BY TWO CHAPTERS

Observance of the Victory of Commodore Perry.

Gathering at Home of Chief Justice Judd—Remarks and a Paper. Comparisons.

A number of compatriots of the Societies of Sons of the American Revolution and the Daughters of the American Revolution gathered at the residence of the President of the local chapter, Chief Justice Judd, in Nuuanu Valley, Saturday evening to honor the anniversary of Perry's victory on Lake Erie. Mrs. Judd is the Regent of the Daughters' Society in Hawaii.

President Judd opened the meeting by some timely remarks on the historical importance of Perry's victory and compared the great naval engagements of the war of 1812 with the sea fights of the present day.

Secretary Atwater called the roll of the Society, showing 68 names. Compatriot N. B. Emerson read a most interesting paper describing the battle of Lake Erie. He gave the details of the great fight, the size of the armament and the vessels engaged, the hardships endured by the heroic American patriots; the bravery of Commodore Perry whose flagship was foremost in the fight, engaging four of the British vessels at one time; how Perry was forced to leave his ship at last but hoisted his pennant bearing the words of the gallant Lawrence "Don't give up the ship," on another vessel but a few minutes later. Maps showing the position of the British and American fleets were shown. After the paper was finished a brief discussion ensued and then refreshments.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Atherton, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Jones, Doctor and Mrs. C. B. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Case, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Farrington, Doctor and Mrs. J. Pratt, Prof. and Mrs. W. D. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. John Effinger, Mrs. McCully-Higgins, Mrs. E. C. Bond of Kohala, Mrs. Reimschneider, Mrs. W. O. Smith, Mrs. Reeves of Minnesota, Miss Jones, Miss Benner, Miss Garlick of the Red Cross Society, Miss Judd, Captain Draper of the U. S. Engineer Corps, W. O. Atwater, G. P. Castle and others.

Alger and Miles

In the controversy over the conduct of the war by the department at Washington, nothing more is coming from Gen. Miles. Other generals almost to a man justify Alger. The Republican papers justify the Department and the Democratic papers are very bitter against Secretary Alger.

EASY MONEY.

TACOMA (Wash.), September 4.—Mrs. Nellie Humphrey cleared \$10,000 this summer at Dawson on a small stock of silks, lace and lingerie which she took in over the trail. The feminine portion of Dawson was hungry for just such fancy articles of apparel as these.

PLENTY OF GOLD.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The gold reserve in the Treasury reached the highest point in its history today, with a total reserve of \$219,329,872. The highest previous amount was \$218,000,000, which was reached in March, 1888.

The pain of a burn or scald is almost instantly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It also heals the injured parts more quickly than any other treatment, and without the burn being very severe does not leave a scar. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

BUT A FEW PINES

Exaggeration in Report of the Manoa Raid.

AN INVESTIGATION BY A CITIZEN

Perhaps Ten Dozen Pines Were Taken—Fresh Cuts Could Not Be Shown—Claims.

There is good reason for believing that the statements made by the Chinese regarding the value of fruit destroyed by the soldiers in Manoa valley has been grossly exaggerated.

Some fruit has undoubtedly been stolen. But several experts have quietly looked into the matter and are satisfied that the damage is entirely overestimated.

A number of Chinamen give the amount of pineapples taken as 600.

When requested by the experts, who quietly interviewed them, to show the stalks or plants from which the pines were cut, they have been able to show but an insignificant number of fresh cuts.

In one case where it was charged that 129 pines had been taken, only about five fresh cuts were shown. An examination of the fields showed old plants, with few pines on them.

If the fields which, it is alleged, were robbed had been carefully examined the day after the affair, the cut or bruised plants would easily show the extent of the offense.

The citizens who have quietly and independently investigated say that all the row has been over less than ten dozen pines and that a purchaser for the market could not buy \$20 worth of fruit in Manoa in a week. The pineapple season is in June and July and at the time the raid was made there was very little ripe fruit. The Chinese and other citizens of Manoa were impressed by the number of soldiers on the tramp up there. Of course the intrusion of the men is resented and there was some damage done, but as stated at the outset, there has been great exaggeration of the reported stealing. The military board of inquiry has not yet finished its labors.

SCRYMSER CABLE SEEMS ASSURED.

President of Company Will Soon be in Japan.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Important developments in the plans for an American cable connecting the new possessions of the United States in the Pacific with San Francisco and with branches to Japan and Australia were decided upon at a meeting of the directors of the Pacific Cable Company in the office of J. P. Morgan & Co.

Plans have already been matured for the laying of a cable starting from San Francisco and touching at Honolulu and at an island in the Caroline group, from which a spur will run to Australia, the main line continuing to Guam, in the Ladrone, and then branching again, one spur running to Manila and another to Yokohama or Tokio. It was decided, however, to add to this a duplicate system, starting at San Francisco and running up the Pacific coast to Sitka, in Alaska, touching again at the Aleutian Islands and connecting with the other line in Japan.

The directors decided to begin work at once on surveys for this line, and James A. Scrymser, president of the Pacific Cable Company, started tonight for Vancouver, where he will sail on September 12th for Japan. The object of his trip is to make contracts with the Japanese Government and obtain from it a subsidy of at least \$100,000 annually, for which, in return, the Government of Japan will have free telegraph privileges for twenty years.

PER S. S. BELGIC.

Caspar Whitney and Other Notables Aboard.

The S. S. Belgic has a number of notable passengers. Caspar Whitney, the editor of the sporting department of Harper's Weekly, will remain in Honolulu for a time. Mr. Whitney is intensely pro-amateur. He will certainly enjoy the boat races and such field sports as may be held during his stay. Mr. Whitney is the man who made himself hated in California by condemning the professionalism of so-called amateur coast organizations.

Mr. Whitney was at the surrender of Santiago. His wife is with him on the trip.

Miki Saito's arrival here is probably timed with the sailing of the Commission. He is Japan's traveling consul. Year after year this gentleman visits Japanese colonies all over the world. While here he will look closely into conditions for the purpose of reporting to the Japanese foreign office.

Abram S. Humphreys returned by the Belgic last night, entirely restored to health. He was accompanied by his wife. Fred Ost also returned, in fine health. Robert Lewers, Mr. Lewers and Miss Lewers were others in the Honolulu party.

Hon. N. W. Melvor, formerly Consul-General to Japan, is aboard on his way to Yokohama. He has been engaged by the Japanese Government on an important legal matter.

Hon. John T. Hamilton, Congress-

man from Iowa, is on his way to Japan for a pleasure tour.

Edwin Wildeman, the new Vice-Consul at Hongkong, accompanied by his wife, is on his way to his post. He is a brother of Consul Rouseville Wildeman, who has figured so conspicuously in the war in the Orient.

A Reunion.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Frank Cooke entertained last evening at their residence on King street, their fellow passengers on the liner Aorangi, which arrived from Victoria last week. A pleasant reunion was had, acquaintance renewed and some of the passengers who will continue on their trip to other countries soon will carry pleasant memories of the evening. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bowen, Professor and the Misses Hitchcock from Dartmouth College, Professor S. P. French, Mrs. H. Brooke, Professor and Mrs. Edgar Wood, Mr. and Mrs. John Effinger, E. P. Van Court, Miss Harvey, Miss E. H. Patterson, Miss Zimmerman, Miss C. Hoffman, C. Noble, W. Penkham, Mr. and Mrs. Mead of Chicago, Mrs. Coleman, Mr. Southwick, Miss Lyle, Miss Montague.

Dottie Cooke Memorial.

Mrs. H. E. Cooke, of Honolulu, has informed the Fabiola Hospital Association, of Oakland, of her intention to erect a children's annex as a part of that institution. It will be known as the Dottie Cooke Annex for Children, as a memorial to Mrs. Cooke's daughter Dottie, who died about a year ago. Mrs. Cooke is the mother of J. P. Cooke of Maui and sister-in-law of C. M. and A. Frank Cooke.

SAY OF LAWYERS

Bar Members Address the Commission Briefly.

Urges That Present System of Judiciary Be But Slightly Disturbed. A Federal State Court.

Attorney-General Smith presided at the adjourned meeting of the Bar Association held Saturday morning. The committee appointed to draft recommendations relating to the judiciary, to be presented to the Commission, reported the following:

"Honolulu, H. I., Sept. 9, 1898. 'To the Honorable Members of the Hawaiian Commission.

"Gentlemen:—Acknowledging the honor of the invitation extended by the Commission to the Hawaiian Bar to express their views on the subject of the judicial system of Hawaii, we beg to submit:

"That it is the sense of the Hawaiian Bar that the judicial system of Hawaii should be continued, as nearly as possible, as it exists at present without any unnecessary change, and we recommend:

"1. That the Supreme Court of Hawaii continue to be a court of last resort excepting only as to such matters as may be within the jurisdiction of a Federal Court.

"2. That a Federal Court be established in Hawaii with the same jurisdiction as that exercised by Federal Courts in the several States.

"3. That the present system of a purely appellate Supreme Court and Circuit Courts for each island and District Courts for each district, be preserved.

"4. That the Judges of courts of record in the Territory other than the Federal Judge be appointed by the Governor of Hawaii by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of Hawaii, to hold office according to the present tenure, and to receive such compensation from the revenues of the Territory as may be appropriated by the Territorial Government."

This memorial was adopted and was presented to the Commission at 11 o'clock by Messrs. Neumann, Hatch and Ballou, comprising the original Committee to draft the document.

W. O. Smith, Enoch Johnson and Cecil Brown were appointed a committee to draft resolutions of condolence on the death of Judge A. Rosa.

There were no sales on the Stock Exchange during Saturday's session. There was some bidding and some offers, but transfers were not reached.

NOT SO FAR AWAY IN CHICAGO U. S. A. IS THE Greatest Mail Order House in the World. MONTGOMERY WARD & COMPANY, 111 to 120 Michigan Ave. WHO ISSUE SEMI-ANNUALLY THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE GENERAL CATALOGUE AND BUYERS' GUIDE.

UNCLE SAM

It is said, will take more care in providing room, comfort and good feed for the horses he will send to the Philippines than he does for the privates. This is because they cannot take care of themselves. A good horse is faithful to you and you should be faithful to him, by giving him good, wholesome food, regularly.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED CO. TELEPHONE 121.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne Original and Only Genuine. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he requested to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1894.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a household medicine which cures PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and restores the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reported that 12,407 cases of CHOLERA; one case generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of cholera."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Cough, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cures all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Cello, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The name of the bottle is "Chlorodyne" and given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N.B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 1/6, 2s. 6d. and 1s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 25 GREAT RUSSELL ST., LONDON, W. C.

Having Secured the services of the . . . . .

Talented Australian Artist Mr. Frank McComas

We take pleasure in announcing our ability to execute in a highly artistic manner any commissions we may receive, where the skill of an original designer and a clever artist are combined.

Cartoons, Art Posters, Memorial and Testimonial Illuminated Work, Designs for Letter Heads, Coats of Arms, Labels, Bill Heads, Music or Book Covers, Hand Written Cards, etc.

Landscapes or special character pictures in Water Color or Oils. In fact anything in the line of highly artistic designing or pictorial work, we are now prepared to do.

For a limited time only.

KING BROS.

110 HOTEL ST.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-American Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents Canadian-American S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

THE SPICE OF LIFE

May come from many a source. We all enjoy a good laugh and when one considers how easy it is to assume duties which tend to create ill health it is not remarkable to find so many who are suffering.

MALT

Close attention to one's duties, no matter the nature, sooner or later the labors will soon become a task in this climate. You feel tired, can't eat and relish your meal; imagine you are unfortunate and long for a change.

NUTRINE

Just think a moment and consider whether the cause of your ill feelings are not due to lack of tone to your stomach, thereby overtaxing your nerve force, which eventually wrecks the whole organism.

NEVER

Try a few bottles of a true and tried remedy which has no equal as a system toner and health producer. Your physician endorses it. It will build you up and make you feel well again.

TIRES

Your druggist carries it in stock. If not ask him to get it. It has no superior.

Singls bottle, 35 cents. Three bottles for \$1.00.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

TIMELY TOPICS

September 1, 1898.

The Perfect Plows

In all agricultural countries it is on a good plow that the tiller of the soil relies for a good crop. We carry all kinds of plows from the large

Sulky Plows

to the smallest

Rice Plows

But it is on our

Plantation Breaking and Double Mold Board Plows

that we chiefly pride ourselves. These are in use on nearly every plantation on the Islands. Only within the last three weeks we have sold a number of the large plows to take the place of plows from other firms which had been returned as unsatisfactory.

The great advantage of the Perfect plow is that it requires less animals to draw it, and cuts an excellent furrow without digging down.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

Limited.

307 FORT ST.

## TOWN LIFE JOYS

Something of Entertainment for the  
Commission Party.

## SEVERAL RECEPTIONS—A LUAU

Everything Greatly Enjoyed—Din-  
ners—Garden Party—Hawaiian  
Feast at Alinahau.

"Live while you live, the epicure  
would say,  
And seize the pleasures of the present  
day."

The Commissioners are enjoying a  
taste of the different styles of enter-  
tainment of which life in Honolulu  
alone seems capable, with its possi-  
bilities of indoor and outdoor, formal  
and informal, regulation and unique  
phases of hospitality.

A reception at the Sewalls was an  
interesting, wide-reaching and some-  
what conventional introduction to the  
public. An official dinner at the  
Dole's was reminiscent of Washington,  
a lunch at the Hatch's was suggestive  
of the season at a watering place, the  
quintette boys singing in the lanai  
lending a touch that added the attrac-  
tion of the unusual. Admiral Miller's  
afternoon tea on the Philadelphia lost  
all the elements of the recognized "tea"  
and was an intimation of navy yard  
gayety, with its brass band, uniformed  
beaux and interested sailor spectators.  
Mrs. James B. Castle's moonlight din-  
ner on her lanai at Walkiki, with the  
sea all about and around, conveyed a  
hint of Venice, while the malle  
wreaths festooned, from pillar to pillar,  
flinging on the soft breezes its tropi-  
cal scent and the surf breaking on the  
beach and the plaintive tunes, alter-  
nating with inspiring airs, sung by  
the musical voices of the quintette  
boys, gave fascination peculiar to Ha-  
waii nei. Mrs. Hayward's dinner Tues-  
day night was the contrasting element  
to this informal, outdoor feast on the  
moonlit beach, having for its only re-  
minder of the Islands a red carnation  
lei for each guest. A picnic at the Mc-  
Grew place at Alea was a taste of  
country life, but it remained to the  
Princess Kalulani to give a luau and  
show the strangers the true Hawaiian  
manner of feasting.

A luau was the one festivity that  
each member of the Commission party  
particularly wished to see before  
leaving the Islands, and the Princess  
could not have devised a form of en-  
tertainment that would have been  
more desirable to the strangers, while  
many of the other guests, to whom  
the delights of poi, fish, lawau chick-  
en and other luau delicacies were well  
known, felt that the prospective feast  
was indeed "the right thing in the  
right place."

The Princess received her guests in  
the reception room in the new portion  
of her home. After they had all been  
welcomed they gradually wandered out  
on the broad veranda, where it was  
delightfully cool and where they could  
listen to Col. Barber's band, stationed  
under the big banyan tree in the  
grounds. "Sweet Angelina," "Ameri-  
ca," "A Hot Time in the Old Town"  
and other airs, inspiring by reason of  
their patriotic tendency, or through  
the swing and dash peculiar to a music  
hall favorites, did away entirely with  
the "before dinner" dullness which so  
often pervades the last moments dur-  
ing which one waits for a belated  
guest, or an unpunctual cook.

In the pauses of the music the view  
of the grounds, with the myriads of  
Japanese lanterns hanging from every  
tree and shrub and twinkling along  
in the distance through the shadowy  
walks, gave a festive and picturesque  
touch to delight the eye.

When the signal was given to march  
into the feast Kalulani led the way  
with Senator Cullom; the other mem-  
bers of the Commissioners' party with  
their escorts followed and then all the  
other guests, two by two.

In the large lanai, the scene of so  
many good times in the past, were  
three long tables, each provided  
with about forty seats, and each look-  
ing as can only a table laid for a luau  
with its cloth of green ferns and the  
bright touches of color lent by the red  
crabs, golden oranges, pink water-  
melon and brilliant leis.

At the middle table alone, where  
were all the officials, the seating was  
prearranged and at each place was a  
card.

The Princess sat in the middle and  
her father was directly opposite. At  
the right hand of the Princess was  
Senator Cullom, and at her left Sena-  
tor Morgan. Mrs. Cullom was at the  
right of Mr. Clegg, and Mrs. Hitt  
at his left. The others at this central  
table were Mrs. Dole, Mr. Hitt, Mr.  
and Mrs. Sewall, Mr. and Mrs. Hay-  
wood, Mr. and Mrs. James Castle, Mr.  
and Mrs. S. M. Damon, Mr. and Mrs.  
Swamy, Mr. and Mrs. Ballou, Mr. and  
Mrs. W. O. Irwin, Marshal and Mrs.  
Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Hatch, Mrs.  
Ridgeley, Mrs. Chas. Carter, Mrs.  
Lanadale, Mrs. Ivers, Admiral Miller,  
Col. Barber, Capt. Wadleigh, General  
Merriam, General King and Mr. Dil-  
lingham.

At the side tables were Col. Sack-  
ville West and Miss West, Mr. and  
Mrs. Schaefer and Miss Schaefer, Mr.  
and Mrs. Renjes, Mr. and Mrs. Focke,  
Mr. and Mrs. James Robinson, Mr. and  
Mrs. Boyd, Dr. and Mrs. Humphris,  
Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Carter, Mrs. Berger,  
the Misses Carter, the Misses Walker,  
Rena Downett, Clara Miller, Helen  
Parker Widemann, Jmd. Vida, Smith,  
Mr. John Walker, Walter Dilling-

ham, Jamie Wilder, Ned Macfarlane,  
Mr. Armstrong, Reynolds, Hitt, Col.  
Martin, Sam Parker, Prince David,  
Prince Cupid, Lieut. Andrews, Pay-  
master Staunton, Lieut. Commander  
Stevens, Dr. Griffith, Col. Emmet, Capt.  
Lydig, Maj. Davis, Col. Langfitt, Capt.  
Cameron and others to the number of  
one hundred and twenty.

When everybody twined about their  
necks the pink carnation, or the green  
malle leis provided for each, and the  
quintette boys on the platform at the  
head of the room started to sing a  
hula, one that went with a sewing and a  
whoop and a dash, and the Kahilis  
were waved over Kalulani and Prince  
David by holokued retainers, and the  
Princess started the feast by a dip of  
her finger into a calabash of poi, then  
did it seem as if the luau was indeed  
a Hawaiian feast. Those who loved the  
dishes of Hawaii reveled in delicious  
samples thereof, and to those who were  
foreign was the attraction of the new  
and strange, and so everybody was  
happy. Mrs. Cullom ingeniously re-  
marked: "One is always sure of chick-  
en." Mrs. Hitt went in for poi with a  
delightful disregard of forks or  
spoons. Senator Cullom sampled each  
dish with a reckless forgetfulness of  
the morrow. Senator Morgan showed  
a partiality for the watermelon, and  
the kamaianas left nothing within  
reach.

And after the feast everybody wan-  
dered through the lantern-lined walks,  
or sat on the verandas while the lanai  
was cleared for a dance.

The Princess was a figure apart in a  
yellow brocaded satin holoku with a  
lei of the oo feathers about her dark  
hair. Her slim, lithe figure and  
her graceful walk were particularly at-  
tractive in the dress of her country.  
The beautiful gowns worn by many of  
her guests seemed to be a foil for the  
few holokus that were present. Mrs.  
Cullom wore a very handsome gown of  
lavender satin, embroidered in gold;  
her daughter, Mrs. Ridgeley, was in  
white satin combined with spangled  
tulle; Mrs. Hitt wore white gauze with  
turquoise jewels; Mrs. Sewall, light  
blue gauze; Mrs. Hatch, red chiffon  
embroidered in white; Mrs. Irwin, a  
combination of black with turquoise  
blue; Mrs. Focke, white mull with lace  
insertion, and there were many other  
tasteful toilets to rival the varied col-  
ors of the holokus worn by Miss Helen  
Parker, Miss Vida and Mrs. James  
Robinson.

Mrs. Charles Carter's garden party  
might have been the scene of a social  
gathering at Tuxedo or Burlingame.  
The broad expanse of green lawn,  
shaded by tall, spreading trees, the  
pretty cottage in the background, the  
light gauzy gowns and big picture hats  
worn by the women, and the dainty  
collation handed about, comprises the  
usual afternoon diversion of the usual  
summer resort of the usual smart set,  
"Use doth breed a habit in a man,"  
but so is "variety the spice of life,"  
and this was added by the Japanese  
attendants, the native boys singing  
plaintive Hawaiian airs and the pink  
carnation leis festooned on the trunks  
of the trees.

The affair was most informal, and  
the receiving party were, scattered  
ready to welcome all comers, although  
about the lawn, each having a chat  
with friends, instead of the curtained  
greeting, limited to from six to eight  
words, which constitutes the custom-  
ary allowance. But when the hostess,  
Mrs. Cullom, Mrs. Hitt, Mrs. Ridgeley  
and Mrs. James Castle formed a group,  
which they did at intervals during the  
afternoon, the coloring of their gowns  
blended with an effect that would have  
delighted the trained eye of an artist  
in stage setting.

The hostess wore an exquisite gown  
of white Swiss with lace inserted on  
the skirt and waist in an elaborate  
pattern; this was over pale pink silk,  
and a large, white hat covered with  
snowy ostrich feathers, completed a  
very charming garden costume. Mrs.  
Cullom wore black and white; Mrs.  
Hitt, yellow and white with a becom-  
ing plumed leghorn in which the two  
shades were combined; Mrs. Ridgeley,  
white and pink; and Mrs. Castle a sea  
foam green liberty silk with a touch  
of pink at the waist and neck. A very  
delightful addition to the afternoon  
was the presence of Mrs. H. A. P. Car-  
ter, which proved a pleasant surprise  
to her friends, who were happy to see  
her looking so well. Mrs. Du Roi  
poured coffee at a table on one side  
of the lawn and the steadiness of her  
work proved the assertion of an army  
officer present: "This is nectar, by  
Jove!" During the afternoon there  
were about one hundred who came to  
enjoy Mrs. Carter's hospitality, among  
them: Princess Kalulani, Mr. Cleg-  
horn, Mrs. Dole, Mr. and Mrs. Sewall,  
Mr. and Mrs. Haywood, Mr. and Mrs.  
Gerritt Wilder, Mrs. Eliza Wilder, Mr.  
and Mrs. A. F. Judd, Mrs. Emily Judd,  
Miss Judd, Mrs. Francis Swamy, Mrs.  
F. M. Hatch, Mrs. McGrew, Mrs. E. D.  
Tenney, Mrs. Gunn, Dr. and Mrs. Coop-  
er, Professor and Mrs. Alexander, Pro-  
fessor and Mrs. Scott, Miss Scott, Mrs.  
Isenberg, Lieut. and Mrs. Lansdale,  
Mr. and Mrs. Emerson, Mr. and Mrs.  
Mead, Admiral Miller, Lieut. Andrews,  
George Potter, A. L. C. Atkinson,  
Jamie Wilder and Mr. Winthrop.

Everybody hastens to do their share  
and still the whole gamut has not been  
run. As Mrs. Hitt naively remarked to  
Admiral Miller the other day, in  
talking over the various entertain-  
ments at which they had met:

"And oh, Admiral, have you seen  
the hedge of night blooming cereus  
that is going on now?"

And certainly the hedge has been  
considerate in the date of its blossom-  
ing.

## GOOD ENOUGH TO TAKE

The finest quality of loaf sugar is  
used in the manufacture of Chamber-  
lain's Cough Remedy and the roots  
used in its preparation give it a flavor  
similar to that of maple syrup, making  
it very pleasant to take. As a medicine  
for the cure of coughs, colds, la-  
grippe, croup and whooping cough it is  
unequaled by any other. It always  
cures, and cures quickly. For sale by  
all druggists and dealers. Benson,  
Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

## TRAVELER'S TALE

Honolulu Boy Arrives  
Back From Manila.

Was Not Enlisted—Others—Mascot  
of the Australia—Guam Incid-  
ents—Dewey—Oregon.

Joe Duschalskey, who stowed away  
on the Colon for Manila, turned up on  
the Australia, Thursday, having work-  
ed his way down from San Francisco  
as coal passer. He tells a sad story of  
the fate of the men who stowed away  
on the transports. None of them were  
enlisted, Duschalskey says, and he  
thinks Harry Murray is perhaps now  
in San Francisco on his way back  
home.

Duschalskey relates that when he  
was discovered on the Colon he was  
asked for his N. G. H. discharge. Be-  
ing unable to produce the paper he was  
told that the United States was not en-  
listing deserters and was ordered to the  
engine room to work. At Manila he  
was shipped out on the Sydney to San  
Francisco as coal passer.

On the Australia is a little, fat, black  
pig, the mascot of the ship and pet of  
the crew. The animal was given to the  
crew by the natives at Guam in ap-  
preciation of the taking away by the ex-  
pedition of the Spanish garrison. At  
Guam the vessels were presented with  
hundreds of coconuts and stocks of  
tropical fruits gratis. In town the  
crews of the vessels were received in  
all the homes and feasted by the na-  
tives.

Officers of the Australia report that  
the first expedition found splendid  
accommodations at Cavite. A number  
of great wooden sheds constructed by  
the Spaniards for use of soldiers were  
occupied. They afforded perfect shel-  
ter from the rain and sun and were  
splendidly ventilated. The Oregon re-  
giment, taken down by the Australia,  
is described as most cleanly in habits  
and well behaved. There was not a  
"kick" of consequence on the entire  
voyage. The Web footers never ceased  
to talk of the grand reception tendered  
them at Honolulu.

Dewey boarded the Australia shortly  
after she came to anchor. He is de-  
scribed by the officers as an exceed-  
ingly pleasant man, but one who wears  
upon his face an air of firmness that  
at once strikes a person. Dewey fur-  
nished the rebels with ammunition.  
At the time the Australia was there  
he furnished them ten rounds per man  
a day, all of which they wasted on the  
stone walls of the Spanish garrison  
fronting Manila.

## A FATALITY AVOIDED.

From the Democrat, Goshen, Ind.

When neuralgia is accompanied by  
a dull, heavy pain near the heart, fre-  
quently becoming intense, it generally  
terminates fatally. Mrs. Nancy Flynn,  
who lives near Goshen, Indiana, sur-  
vived such an attack and her advice is  
worth heeding.

"In the fall of '92," she said, "I be-  
gan to have trouble with my heart.  
There was a sharp pain in my breast  
which became rapidly worse. The doc-  
tor was puzzled and put me under the  
influence of opiates. These sharp at-  
tacks followed one another at intervals  
and I became weak and had a haggard  
look. I was constantly in pain, sel-  
dom slept and had no appetite.

"At the end of two years I was con-  
fined to my couch most of the time and  
the doctors agreed that my death was  
only a matter of a short time.

"One day I noticed in a newspaper  
an item about a woman having been  
cured of neuralgia of the heart by Dr.  
Williams' Pink Pills and I concluded  
to try them.

"When I had finished one box I  
noticed an improvement in my condi-  
tion, and when I had taken twelve  
boxes I was completely cured. 'Those  
pills have done for you what we could  
not do,' said one of my physicians,  
'they have saved your life.'

"That was five years ago and my  
heart has not troubled me since. I be-  
lieve I owe my life to Dr. Williams'  
Pink Pills, and I take pleasure in tel-  
ling others about them."

Among the many forms of neuralgia  
are headache, nervousness, paralysis,  
apoplexy and locomotor ataxia. Some  
of these were considered incurable un-  
til Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were formu-  
lated. Today thousands testify to  
having been cured of such diseases by  
these pills.

Sold by all dealers in medicine.

## Registry Again.

The United States Treasury Depart-  
ment has made a ruling on the ques-  
tion as to whether foreign vessels will  
be allowed to clear for Hawaii ports  
now that the Islands are American  
territory. The Occidental and Oriental  
Steamship Company's liners Gaelic,  
Doric, Coptic and Belgic are British  
vessels and this company made an in-  
quiry, which was settled by an answer  
in the affirmative. The company will  
be allowed to continue running its ves-  
sels between San Francisco and Hon-  
olulu until new laws are enacted by  
Congress.

## Surveys.

The survey department will next  
week send two surveyors to Oahu and  
one to North Kona to survey and map  
certain tracts of land to be opened up  
shortly by the Government for settle-  
ment.

News was received by the Survey  
department a few days ago that the  
survey of the new route to the Volcano  
had been completed.



INFANTILE LOVELINESS of the skin, scalp, and hair is assured  
by the use of CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying  
and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest  
for toilet, bath, and nursery.

To preserve, purify, and beautify the skin, scalp, and hair of in-  
fants and children, and restore them to a condition of health when  
affected by distressing, itching irritations and scaly eruptions, no  
other treatment is so pure, so safe, so speedy, as warm baths with  
CUTICURA SOAP, assisted, when necessary, by gentle anointings  
with CUTICURA, purest and sweetest of emollients and skin cures.  
For bad complexions, pimples, blotches, red, rough hands  
and shapeless nails, red, rough, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and  
falling hair, itching and scaly eruptions of the skin and scalp,  
and simple baby blemishes, it is simply wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBURY & Sons, London. PORTER DRUG AND  
CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "All about Baby's Skin," a 64-page book, post free.

## California Fertilizer Works

Office: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.  
Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS  
AND PURE BONE MEAL.

.....DEALERS IN.....

## Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, < > FERTILIZERS,  
NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,  
HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,  
FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely  
from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts.  
No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed an-  
alysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent me-  
chanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.  
The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use  
is so well known that it needs no explanation.  
The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the  
CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

## C. Brewer &amp; Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

## A Few More Left of the Same Sort.

Manila Cigars  
Still "Hold Out  
To Burn" at

## HOLLISTER &amp; CO'S.

TOBACCONISTS.

COR. FORT & MERCHANT STS.

## Now That Plantations

are mostly through grinding for this season, it is time  
to overhaul Machinery and prepare for the next season.  
We have on hand

MAGNOLIA METAL  
RUBBER AND HEMP PACKING of all kinds,  
BOILER COMPOUND for cleaning off scale,  
TROPIC OIL for Engines and Cylinders,  
and every kind of HARDWARE or TOOL needed in a Sugar  
Mill or on a Plantation.

Send Orders to

E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

## INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co.

(Limited)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND  
MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND

LIFE. Established 1830.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS. £3,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.

CAPITAL. £1,000,000.

REDUCTION OF RATES.  
IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.  
AGENTS.

J. S. WALKER.

General Agent Hawn. Isl.

Royal Insurance Company:

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.

ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL

INSURANCE CO.

WILHELM OF MADGEBURG INSUR-

ANCE CO.

SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF

CANADA.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL

UNION.

Room 12, Spreckels Block.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed  
agents of the above company are prepared  
to insure risks against fire on Stone and  
Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored  
therein on the most favorable terms. For  
particulars apply at the office of  
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co  
OF BRELIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co  
OF BRELIN.

The above Insurance Companies have  
established a general agency here and the  
undersigned, general agents, are author-  
ized to take risks against the dangers of the  
seas at the most reasonable rates and on  
the most favorable terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Gen. Agts.

General Insurance Co. for Sea,  
River and Land Transport,  
of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Hon-  
olulu and the Hawaiian Islands the under-  
signed general agents are authorized to take  
risks against the dangers of the sea at the  
most reasonable rates and on the most favor-  
able terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co.,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO.  
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and re-  
serve, reichsmarks 6,000,000  
Capital their reinsurance com-  
panies 101,650,000  
Total reichsmarks 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Co.  
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and re-  
serve, reichsmarks 8,890,000  
Capital their reinsurance com-  
panies 35,000,000  
Total reichsmarks 43,890,000

The undersigned, general agents of the  
above two companies, for the Hawaiian  
Islands are prepared to insure Buildings,  
Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Ma-  
chinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills,  
and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or  
damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1897.  
£13,558,988.  
1-Authorised Capital-£2,000,000 £ 5 d  
Subscribed 2,750,000  
Paid up Capital 687,500 0 0  
2-Fire Funds 2,743,819 7 9  
3-Life and Annuity Funds 10,127,670 1 0  
£13,558,989 8 9  
Revenue Fire Branch 1,551,577 5 9  
Revenue Life and Annuity  
Branches 1,628,611 1 0  
£3,180,188 6 9

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life  
Departments are free from liability in respect  
of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

CASTLE & COKE  
IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE  
INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co  
OF BOSTON.

Etco Fire Insurance Company  
OF HARTFORD.

